



SUNDANCE
RESOURCES LTD



ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT 2009
ABN 19 055 719 394
and Subsidiaries



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CORPORATE DIRECTORY

Directors:	Geoff Wedlock (Chairman) Donald Lewis (Managing Director) Ken Talbot Craig Oliver
Company Secretary:	John Carr-Gregg
ABN:	19 055 719 394
Registered Office:	Level 17 140 St George's Terrace Perth WA 6000
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Auditors:	Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Level 14 Woodside Plaza 240 St George's Terrace Perth WA 6000 PO Box A46 Perth WA 6837 Tel: +61 (8) 9365 7000 Fax: +61 (8) 9365 7001
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DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

The Directors present their report together with the financial report of Sundance Resources Ltd ("the Company") and of the Consolidated Entity, being the Company and its subsidiaries, for the financial year ended 30 June 2009 and the auditor's report thereon.

1. DIRECTORS

The directors of the Company at any time during or since the end of the financial year were:

Name & Qualifications	Age	Experience and Special Responsibilities	Other Directorships held in the previous 3 years
Mr George F Jones B.Bus, FCIS, FAICD Chairman (Non-Executive)	64	Extensive experience in the mining, banking and finance industries Director since November 2006 Resigned 31 August 2009	Gindalbie Metals Limited Mundo Minerals Limited
Mr Geoff Wedlock Non-Executive Director Chairman (Non-Executive)	61	Extensive experience in resources project management and development, particularly in the iron ore industry. Director since October 2007 Appointed as Chairman 31 August 2009	Gindalbie Metals Limited Golden West Resources Limited Grange Resources Limited Gladiator Resources Limited Jupiter Mines Limited
Mr Donald P Lewis B.E (Hons), M.Eng (Calif); MIE (Aust) Managing Director	47	Chief Executive Officer Civil engineer with extensive experience in resource project development, construction and financing Director since November 2006	Greenwich Resources Plc
Mr Ken Talbot B.E, M.E, ASIA, FAICD, FAUSIMM Non-Executive Director	59	Mining engineer with extensive experience in resource project development and operations, particularly in carbon steel materials sector. Director since September 2007	Macarthur Coal Limited Talbot Group Holdings Pty Ltd
Mr Craig Oliver ACA, MBA Non-Executive Director	45	Extensive corporate, project development and operational experience in iron ore, coal and nickel. Director since April 2008	Western Areas NL De Grey Mining Limited
Dr John R Saunders B.Sc (Hons) Ph.D, FAICD, FTSC Non-Executive Director	64	Resigned 28 November 2008	
Mr Alec C Pismiris B.Comm, ICSA Executive Director	45	Resigned 28 November 2008	

2. COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr John Carr-Gregg joined Sundance Resources Ltd as Company Secretary and General Manager Corporate Services on 15 July 2008. Mr Carr-Gregg has an extensive corporate and legal background in the international resources industry.

3. PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Consolidated Entity during the year was iron ore exploration.

There were no significant changes in the nature of the principal activities during the financial year.

4. RESULTS

The operating loss after tax of the Consolidated Entity for the financial year was \$14,313,262 (2008: \$8,818,320) and \$3,888,005 (2008: \$279,853) for the Company.

5. REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

The Consolidated Entity focused on iron ore exploration and development activities in the Republic of Cameroon and the Republic of Congo throughout the financial year ended 30 June 2009.

6. DIRECTORS' MEETINGS

The number of directors' meetings (including meetings of committees of directors) and number of meetings attended by each of the directors of the Company during the financial year were:

Director	Directors Meetings		Audit & Risk Management Committee Meetings		Nomination & Remuneration Committee Meetings (*)	
	A	B	A	B	A	B
Mr GF Jones (resigned 31 August 2009)	6	6	-	-	-	-
Mr DP Lewis	6	6	-	-	-	-
Mr AC Pismiris (resigned 28 November 2008)	3	3	-	-	-	-
Mr JR Saunders (resigned 28 November 2008)	1	3	1	1	-	-
Mr K Talbot	5	6	-	-	-	-
Mr GLW Wedlock	6	6	2	2	-	-
Mr CB Oliver	5	6	1	1	-	-

(*) No formal meetings held

A - Number of meetings attended

B - Number of meetings held while the director held office

7. STATE OF AFFAIRS

The following significant changes in the state of affairs of the Consolidated Entity occurred during the financial year:

The Company raised a total of A\$10.76 million (before expenses) via a Share Purchase Plan which closed on 24 April 2009. This was subscribed to by 2,966 shareholders.

The Company also completed an additional A\$5 million share placement to its major shareholder, Talbot Group Investments Pty Limited on 29 April 2009. This placement resulted in the Talbot Group's interest in the Company increasing to 20.7%.

Other than the above, there was no significant change in the state of affairs of the Consolidated Entity during the financial year.

8. LIKELY DEVELOPMENTS

The Consolidated Entity will continue iron ore exploration and development activities in the Republic of Cameroon and the Republic of Congo.

9. ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION

The Consolidated Entity's operations are subject to environmental regulations under Republic of Cameroon and Republic of Congo legislation.

The Consolidated Entity remained compliant during the reporting period with the requirement of the Cameroon Mining Code and the conditions of a Brief Environmental Impact Assessment approved by the Cameroon Ministry of Environment and Nature Protection (MINEP) in 2007.

The Consolidated Entity completed an Environmental and Social Assessment for the 2009/2010 drilling programme proposed in the Republic of Congo.

10. DIVIDENDS

In respect of the year ended 30 June 2009, no dividends have been paid or proposed (2008: nil).

11. EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO REPORTING DATE

On 3 July 2009 it was announced that Mr Geoff Wedlock had been appointed Chairman of the Board of Directors with effect from 1 September 2009. The company's previous Chairman, Mr George Jones, retired on 31 August 2009.

No other matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Company, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Company in future financial years.

12. REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED)

The remuneration report, which forms part of the directors' report, sets out information about the remuneration of Sundance Resources Limited directors and senior management for the financial year ended 30 June 2009. The prescribed details for each person covered by this report are detailed below under the following headings:

- Director and senior management details
- Remuneration policy
- Relationship between the remuneration policy and Company performance
- Remuneration of directors and senior management
- Bonuses and share-based payments granted as compensation for the current financial year
- Key terms of employment contracts

12.1 Director and senior management details

The directors and key management personnel of the Company and the Consolidated Entity at any time during the reporting period are listed below. Unless otherwise indicated directors and key management personnel were appointed for the entire period:

Non-executive directors

George Jones	Chairman (resigned 31 August 2009)
Geoff Wedlock	(appointed 24 September 2007)
Ken Talbot	(appointed 17 September 2007)
Craig Oliver	(appointed 8 April 2008)
John Saunders	(resigned 28 November 2008)
Alec Pismiris	(resigned 28 November 2008)

Executive directors

Donald Lewis	Managing Director & CEO (appointed 13 November 2006)
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Executive officers

John Carr-Gregg	Company Secretary (appointed 15 July 2008)
Peter Canterbury	Chief Financial Officer
Robin Longley	General Manager Geology
David Morgan	General Manager - Mining
Roger Bogne	Chief Executive Officer – Cam Iron S.A.

Mr John Carr-Gregg was appointed company secretary on 15 July 2008. On the same date, Mr Alec Pismiris resigned his role as company secretary, however, remained a non-executive director of the Company until 28 November 2008.

12.2 Remuneration policy

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee is responsible for reviewing and making recommendations to the board on compensation arrangements for the directors and the executive team of both the Consolidated Entity and the Company. The committee assesses the appropriateness of the nature and amount of emoluments of such officers on a periodic basis. The overall objective is the retention of a high quality board and executive team, to maximise value of the shareholders' investment.

Key management personnel have authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company and the Consolidated Entity. Compensation levels for key management personnel of the Company and the Consolidated Entity are competitively set to attract and retain appropriately qualified and experienced directors and executives. Share options may also be issued as an added incentive to executives to maximise for shareholder value. Details regarding the issue of share options are provided below.

The employment conditions of all key management personnel are formalised in contracts of employment. Mr P Canterbury, Mr D Morgan, Mr J Carr-Gregg and Mr R Bogne are the only executives who are permanent employees of the Consolidated Entity. Mr D Lewis and Mr R Longley are employed under executive consulting contracts.

Non-Executive Directors' fees

Fees and payments to non-executive directors reflect the responsibilities of the directors.

Senior Management Salary

The remuneration of senior management is generally reviewed annually, taking into consideration the contribution of the individual commensurate with the performance of the Consolidated Entity and comparable employment market conditions.

12.3 Relationship between remuneration policy and Company performance

The Company did not have a formal cash incentive or bonus scheme for the year ended 30 June 2009.

An Employee Share Option Plan has been approved by both the directors and shareholders of the Company. Under this plan these options vest progressively over a three year period and vesting is subject to continuing employment. The objective of this plan is to recognise the ability and efforts of the employees of the Company who have contributed to the success of the Company; provide an incentive to the employees to achieve the long term objectives of the Company and improve the performance of the Company; attract persons of experience and ability to the Company and foster and promote loyalty between the Company and its employees. The award of options is aligned to the overall strategic objectives of the Company and are awarded by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee based on the recommendation of the CEO.

There is no Board policy in relation to limiting the recipient exposure to risk in relation to securities.

The tables below set out summary information about the Consolidated Entity's earnings and movements in shareholder wealth for the five years to June 2009:

	30 June 2009	30 June 2008	30 June 2007	30 June 2006	30 June 2005
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$*
Revenue	1,474,177	4,533,689	978,425	1,181,980	206,174
Net loss before tax	(14,313,262)	(8,818,320)	(9,317,989)	(1,704,664)	(1,718,605)
Net loss after tax	(14,313,262)	(8,818,320)	(9,317,989)	(1,704,664)	(1,718,605)

* Sundance Resources Limited adopted the Australian equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards with effect from 1 July 2004.

	30 June 2009	30 June 2008	30 June 2007	30 June 2006	30 June 2005
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Share price at start of year	0.33	0.46	0.08	0.01	0.01
Share price at end of year	0.16	0.33	0.46	0.08	0.01
Basic earnings per share	(0.71)	(0.47)	(0.68)	(0.27)	(0.49)
Diluted earnings per share	(0.71)	(0.47)	(0.68)	(0.27)	(0.49)

12.4 Remuneration of directors and senior management

2009	Short-term benefits			Post-employment benefits	Share based payments	Total \$	% of compensation for the year consisting of options
	Salary & fees \$	Bonus \$	Other (*) \$	Super-annuation \$	Options & rights \$		
Non-executive directors							
G Jones	240,000	-	13,446	-	-	253,446	-
J Saunders	25,000	-	-	-	-	25,000	-
A Pismiris	30,000	-	-	-	-	30,000	-
G Wedlock ¹	60,000	-	-	-	-	60,000	-
K Talbot	60,000	-	-	-	-	60,000	-
C Oliver	60,000	-	-	-	-	60,000	-
Executive officers							
D Lewis	544,000	-	15,906	-	-	559,906	-
P Canterbury	248,333	-	14,802	22,350	-	285,485	-
R Longley	395,833	-	14,802	-	33,523	444,158	8%
D Morgan	270,000	-	14,802	30,000	171,327	486,129	35%
J Carr-Gregg	226,156	-	7,465	20,354	48,919	302,894	17%
R Bogue	137,600	-	64,000	-	-	201,600	-
						2,768,618	

No other share based payments were made to key management personnel during the financial year.

2008	Short-term benefits			Post-employment benefits	Share based payments	Total \$	% of compensation for the year consisting of options
	Salary & fees \$	Bonus \$	Other (*) \$	Super-annuation \$	Options & rights \$		
Non-executive directors							
G Jones	230,000	-	6,600	-	-	236,600	-
J Saunders	60,000	-	-	-	-	60,000	-
G Wedlock ¹	41,290	-	-	-	-	41,290	-
K Talbot	47,377	-	-	-	-	47,377	-
C Oliver	13,833	-	-	-	-	13,833	-
Executive officers							
D Lewis	528,000	100,000	6,600	-	-	634,600	-
A Pismiris	120,000	-	-	-	-	120,000	-
P Canterbury	230,000	35,000	6,600	20,000	-	291,600	-
R Longley	348,315	-	6,600	-	-	354,915	-
D Morgan	201,774	-	4,950	22,419	269,563	498,706	54%
R Bogue	145,123	-	35,750	-	-	180,873	-
						2,479,794	

(*) includes parking for Australian based personnel and housing and other allowances for R Bogue.

No director or senior management person appointed during the period received a payment as part of his or her consideration for agreeing to hold the position.

1. Mr Wedlock provides consulting services to the entity through KeyPALM Pty Ltd as disclosed in note 28 to the accounts.

12.5 Bonuses and share-based payments granted as compensation for the current financial year

Bonuses

No discretionary cash performance bonuses were granted to key management personnel during the reporting period.

Employee share options

Options are issued to executives as part of their remuneration. These options are not issued based on performance criteria, but are issued to increase goal congruence between executives and shareholders.

The following grants of share based payment compensation to senior management relate to the current financial year.

	Vested No.	Granted No.	Grant Date	Value per Option at Grant Date \$	Exercise Price \$	Terms & Conditions for Each Grant	
						First Exercise Date	Last Exercise Date
Executive Officer							
J Carr-Gregg	545,000	545,000	10.10.2008	0.029	0.35	31.03.2009	31.03.2013
J Carr-Gregg	-	545,000	10.10.2008	0.035	0.35	31.03.2010	31.03.2013
J Carr-Gregg	-	545,000	10.10.2008	0.037	0.35	31.03.2011	31.03.2013
R Longley	333,334	333,334	10.10.2008	0.029	0.35	31.03.2009	31.03.2013
R Longley	-	333,333	10.10.2008	0.035	0.35	31.03.2010	31.03.2013
R Longley	-	333,333	10.10.2008	0.037	0.35	31.03.2011	31.03.2013

All options are granted for nil consideration.

During the year 1,000,000 options granted to D Morgan on 30 August 2007 vested. These options remained unexercised as at 30 June 2009.

The following table summarises the value of options granted, exercised or lapsed during the year to directors and senior management:

Name	Value of options granted at the grant date (i) \$	Value of options exercised at the exercise date \$	Value of options lapsed at the date of lapse (ii) \$
J Carr-Gregg	15,756	-	-
J Carr-Gregg	18,822	-	-
J Carr-Gregg	20,233	-	-
R Longley	9,637	-	-
R Longley	11,512	-	-
R Longley	12,374	-	-

- (i) The value of options granted during the period is recognised in compensation over the vesting period in accordance with Australian accounting standards.
- (ii) The value of options lapsing during the period due to the failure to satisfy a vesting condition is determined assuming the vesting condition has been satisfied.

12.6 Key terms of employment contracts

This report discloses remuneration details for the executives and non executive directors.

Remuneration of Executives

Remuneration for executives is comprised of:

- fixed remuneration which is made up of base salary, superannuation and car parking; and
- variable remuneration in the form of employee share options are subject to the evaluation of the executive's contribution to the attainment of the Company's strategic objectives.

The remuneration structure is designed to reflect an appropriate balance between fixed and variable remuneration to ensure that the Company's executives are rewarded in a manner which aligns with the Company's performance.

Fixed Remuneration

Base Salary

Base salaries are determined by reference to the size and influence of the role, the executive's performance and experience, and to the nature and extent of overseas activities. Comparative data is also obtained from a group of Australian companies within the resources sector, both in Australia and worldwide, with similar activities. Base salaries are reviewed annually.

Superannuation

Sundance contributes to its Australian based employee's superannuation accounts at a minimum rate of 9%. In foreign jurisdictions the Consolidated Entity makes contributions in compliance with statutory requirements.

Variable Remuneration

Cash Bonus

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee, upon recommendation by the Chairman or CEO, may award cash bonuses to its executives based on the attainment of Key Performance Indicators and contribution to corporate objectives.

Employee Share Options

Under this plan these options vest progressively over a one, two and three year period and vesting is subject to continuing employment. The objective of this plan is to recognise the ability and efforts of the employees of the Company who have contributed to the success of the Company; provide an incentive to the employees to achieve the long term objectives of the Company and improve the performance of the Company; attract persons of experience and ability to the Company and foster and promote loyalty between the Company and its employees. The award of options are aligned to the overall strategic objectives of the Company and are awarded by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee based on the recommendation of the CEO.

Non-Executive Directors' Remuneration

Article 13.8 of the Company's constitution provides that the directors (excluding any directors who are employees of the Company) may be paid such remuneration as is determined from time to time in general meeting, and that remuneration accrues from day to day. The remuneration may be divided among the directors in such proportion as they from time to time agree and, in default of agreement, equally. ASX Listing Rule 10.17 provides that the Company must not increase the total amount of directors' fees payable by it or any of its controlled entities without the approval of holders of its ordinary securities.

Non-executive directors do not participate in any cash bonus, options or share plans that may be developed for executives. Other fees or allowances may be payable in special circumstances as agreed by the Board. Executive directors are not paid directors' fees.

Executive Service Agreements

Remuneration and other terms of employment for the executives disclosed in this Remuneration Report are contained in service agreements.

Key Management Personnel Service Agreements

Executive	Date Commenced	Term	Fixed Remuneration (per annum) for year ended 30/06/08 (a)	Payment of termination benefit on termination by employer (other than for gross misconduct)	Notice required on termination
D Lewis <i>CEO</i>	01/01/2009	1 Year	\$550,600	Remainder of contract with a minimum of six months	3 months
P Canterbury <i>CFO</i>	01/05/2009	8 Months	\$287,302	2 Months variable remuneration	2 months
R Longley <i>General Manager Geology</i>	01/02/2009	1 Year	\$414,802	2 months variable remuneration	2 months
D Morgan <i>General Manager Mining</i>	24/09/2007	2 Years	\$314,802	3 months variable remuneration	3 months
R Bogne <i>CEO - Cam Iron SA</i>	01/03/2009	10 Months	\$215,336	2 months variable remuneration	2 months

(a) Fixed remuneration is inclusive of superannuation, annual leave and parking.

13. SHARES UNDER OPTION OR ISSUED ON EXERCISE OF OPTIONS

Unissued shares under option

At the date of this report unissued ordinary shares of the Company under option are:

Issuing Entity	Expiry Date	Exercise Price	Number of Options	Class of Shares
Sundance Resources Ltd	3 January 2012	\$0.20	20,000,000	Ordinary
Sundance Resources Ltd	4 January 2012	\$0.10	12,000,000	Ordinary
Sundance Resources Ltd	5 January 2012	\$0.15	2,000,000	Ordinary
Sundance Resources Ltd	8 October 2012	\$0.40	2,000,000	Ordinary
Sundance Resources Ltd	18 February 2013	\$0.50	500,000	Ordinary
Sundance Resources Ltd	18 February 2013	\$0.70	500,000	Ordinary
Sundance Resources Ltd	10 March 2013	\$0.45	1,000,000	Ordinary
Sundance Resources Ltd	31 March 2013	\$0.35	5,935,000	Ordinary

The holders of these options do not have the right, by virtue of the option, to participate in any share issue or interest issue of the Company or any other body corporate or registered scheme.

Shares issued on exercise of options

During or since the end of the financial year, the Company issued ordinary shares as a result of the exercise of options as follows (there were no amounts unpaid on the shares issued):

Issuing Entity	Number of Shares	Amount paid on each share	Class of Shares
Sundance Resources Ltd	2,000,000	\$0.02	Ordinary
Sundance Resources Ltd	10,000,000	\$0.10	Ordinary

14. DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

The relevant interest of each director in the share capital of the Company, as notified by the directors to the Australian Stock Exchange in accordance with S205G (1) of the Corporations Act 2001, at the date of this report is as follows:

Director	Ordinary shares	Option over ordinary shares
G Jones	25,562,500	-
D Lewis	1,312,500	30,000,000
K Talbot	434,107,142	-
G Wedlock	75,000	-
C Oliver	-	-

15. INDEMNIFYING OFFICER OR AUDITOR

The Company, during the financial year, in respect of any person who is or has been an officer or auditor of the Company:

- has not indemnified or made any relevant agreement for indemnifying against a liability incurred as an officer or auditor.
- has paid a premium of \$43,859 for a policy of insurance to cover legal liability and expenses for the directors and executive officers in the event of any legal action against them arising from their actions as officers of the Company.

The insurance policy does not contain details of the premiums paid in respect of individual officers of the Company.

16. AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

The auditor's independence declaration has been included on page 18.

In accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 section 307C the auditors of the Company, Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu have provided a signed auditor's independence declaration to the directors in relation to the year ended 30 June 2009. This declaration has been attached to the independent audit report to the members of the Company.

Non-audit services were provided to the Company by the auditors, Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu. The directors are satisfied that the provision of these non-audit services is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the Corporations Act 2001. The nature and scope of each type of non-audit service provided means that auditor independence was not compromised.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of directors, made pursuant to s.298 (2) of the Corporations Act 2001, at Perth, Western Australia on 14 September 2009.



GL Wedlock
Director



DP Lewis
Director

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLES AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Introduction

The Directors are focused on fulfilling their responsibilities individually, and as a board, for the benefit of all the Company's stakeholders. That involves recognition of, and a need to adopt, principles of good corporate governance. The Board supports the guidelines on the "Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations" established by the ASX Corporate Governance Council.

Given the size and structure of the Company, the nature of its business activities, the stage of its development and the cost of strict and detailed compliance with all of the recommendations, it has adopted a range of modified systems, procedures and practices which it considers will enable it to meet the principles of good corporate governance.

The Company's practices are mainly consistent with those of the guidelines and where they do not correlate with the recommendations in the guidelines the Company considers that its adopted practices are appropriate to it. At the end of this statement a table is included detailing the recommendations with which the Company does not strictly comply.

The following section addresses the Company's practices in complying with the guidelines.

Principle 1: Laying Solid Foundations for Management and Oversight

Role and Responsibilities of the Board

The Board exists to lead and oversee the management and direction of the Company.

After appropriate consultation with executive management, the Board:

- defines and sets its business objectives and subsequently monitors performance and achievements of those objectives;
- it oversees the reporting on matters of compliance with corporate policies and laws, takes responsibility for risk management processes and a review of executive management of the Company;
- monitors and approves financial performance and budgets; and
- reports to shareholders.

Principle 2: Structuring the Board to Add Value

Composition of the Board

The names of the directors of the Company and their qualifications are set out in the section headed Directors' Report.

The composition of the Board is determined so as to provide the Company with a broad base of industry, business, technical, administrative, financial and corporate skills and experience considered necessary to represent shareholders and fulfil the business objectives of the Company.

The recommendations of best practice are that a majority of the directors and in particular the chairperson should be independent. An Independent Director is one who:

- does not hold an executive position;
- is not a substantial shareholder of the Company or an officer or otherwise associated directly or indirectly with a substantial shareholder of the Company;
- has not within the last 3 years been employed in an executive capacity by the Company or another group member or been a director after ceasing to hold such employment;
- is not a principal of a professional adviser to the Company or another group member;
- is not a significant supplier or customer of the Company or another group member, or an officer of, or otherwise associated directly or indirectly with a significant supplier or customer;
- has no significant contractual relationship with the Company or any other group member other than as a director of the Company; and
- is free from any interest and any business or other relationship which could or could reasonably be perceived to materially interfere with the director's ability to act in the best interests of the Company.

Of the current board members, Mr Geoff Wedlock and Mr Craig Oliver meet these criteria.

Nomination of Other Board Members

Membership of the Board of Directors is reviewed on an on-going basis by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee to determine if additional core strengths are required to be added to the Board in light of the nature of the Company's businesses and its objectives. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee does not believe that at this point in the Company's development it is necessary to appoint additional directors.

Independent Advice

Each of the directors is entitled to seek independent advice at the Company's expense to assist them to carry out their responsibilities, however, prior approval of the Chairman is required which is not unreasonably withheld.

Principle 3: Promotion of Ethical and Responsible Decision-Making

Directors, officers, employees and consultants to the Company are required to observe high standards of behaviour and business ethics in conducting business on behalf of the Company and they are required to maintain a reputation of integrity on the part of both the Company and themselves. The Company does not contract with or otherwise engage any person or party where it considers integrity may be compromised.

Directors are required to disclose to the Board at each board meeting, actual or potential conflicts of interest that may or might reasonably be thought to exist between the interests of the Director or the interests of any other party in so far as it affects the activities of the Company and to act in accordance with the Corporations Act if conflict cannot be removed or if it persists. That involves taking no part in the decision making process or discussions where that conflict does arise.

Directors are required to make disclosure of any share trading. The Company policy in relation to share trading is that officers are prohibited to trade whilst in possession of unpublished price sensitive information concerning the Company. That is information which a reasonable person would expect to have a material effect on the price or value of the Company's shares. It is recommended that an officer discuss the proposal to acquire or sell shares with the Chief Executive Officer or the Company Secretary prior to doing so to ensure that there is no price sensitive information of which that officer might not be aware. The undertaking of any trading in shares by directors must be notified to the ASX.

Principle 4: Safeguarding Integrity in Financial Reporting

An Audit & Risk Management Committee has been established. The executive director has an active role in monitoring the daily affairs of the Company.

Each board member has access to the external auditors and the auditor has access to each board member.

The Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer make a statement to the Audit Committee that the Company's financial reports present a true and fair view in all material respects of the Company's financial condition and operational results and are in accordance with relevant accounting standards.

Two directors make a statement to the shareholders that the Company's financial reports present a true and fair view in all material respects of the Company's financial condition and operational results and are in accordance with relevant accounting standards.

Principle 5: Making Timely and Balanced Disclosure

All directors, executives and staff are required to abide by all legal requirements, the Listing Rules of the Australian Stock Exchange and the highest standards of ethical conduct. This includes compliance with the continuous disclosure requirements of the listing rules.

The Company Secretary is the person responsible for overseeing and co-ordinating disclosure of information to ASX as well as communicating with the ASX.

Principle 6: Respecting the Rights of Shareholders

The Board's fundamental responsibility to shareholders is to work towards meeting the Company's objectives so as to add value for them.

The Board seeks to inform shareholders of all major developments affecting the Company by:

- preparing half yearly and yearly financial reports;
- preparing quarterly cash flow reports and reports as to activities;
- making announcements in accordance with the listing rules and the continuous disclosure obligations;
- hosting all of the above on the Company's website;
- annually, and more regularly if required, holding a general meeting of shareholders and forwarding to them the annual report together with notice of meeting and proxy form; and
- voluntarily releasing other information which it believes is in the interest of shareholders.

The Annual General Meeting enables shareholders to receive the reports and participate in the meeting by attendance or by written communication. The Board seeks to notify all shareholders so they can be fully informed annually for the voting on the appointment of directors and so as to enable them to have discussion at the Annual General Meeting with the directors and/or the auditor of the Company who is invited to the Annual General Meeting.

Principle 7: Recognising and Managing Risk

The Board is conscious of the need to continually maintain systems of risk management and controls to manage all of the assets and affairs of the Company.

As an ordinary part of the Company’s business involves holding assets in countries where sovereign risk is considered higher than in Australia, the directors are sensitive to the need for risk management. The risk management includes asset risk, operational risk, personnel health and safety risk, currency fluctuation risk, amongst others. The Company identifies, manages and reports to the board on those risks on a case by case and overall corporate basis.

Principle 8: Remunerate Fairly and Responsibly

A Nomination and Remuneration Committee has been established. The committee reviews the remuneration of executives and directors. Directors remuneration is set out in the in the Directors’ Report.

One third of the directors’ retire annually in accordance with the Constitution and are free to seek re-election by shareholders.

Each member of the Board has committed to spending sufficient time to enable them to carry out their duties as a director of the Company.

A maximum amount of remuneration for non-executive directors is fixed by shareholders in a General Meeting and can be varied in that same manner. In determining the allocation the board takes account of the time demands made on the directors together with such factors as fees paid to other corporate directors and to the responsibilities undertaken by them.

TABLE OF DEPARTURES AND EXPLANATIONS (FROM THE RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE ASX CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COUNCIL)

Recommendation Reference	Departure	Explanation
1.1	There was no formalisation and disclosure of separate functions between the Board and management during the reporting period.	Throughout the reporting period the Board consisted of between one and three non-executive and between one and two executive directors. The Executive Directors were involved in the overall management of the Company. The practices followed were compatible with the Principle.

Recommendation Reference	Departure	Explanation
2.1	Majority of the current board members are not independent. (As at 30 June 2009 the majority of the board were independent).	Given the nature and size of the Company, its business interests and the stage of development, the board is of the view that there is an adequate and broad mix of skills required and that, given their experience, each of the directors are aware of and capable of acting in an independent manner and in the best interests of the shareholders.
5.1	No written policy exists to ensure compliance with ASX Listing Rules disclosure requirements are met at senior management level.	The Board and management consists of appropriately qualified and experienced members and the board does not consider that a written policy is at this time required. The Board's practice is to comply strictly with ASX Listing Rules and disclosure requirements and whenever in doubt, contact has been made promptly with the ASX seeking advice. This is a standing item on the Board's agenda and is discussed at each Board meeting.
6.1	The Company has no formal communication policy in place for the benefit of its shareholders.	The Board is very conscious of the need to continually keep shareholders and markets advised. Regular investor presentations provides a continuous communication channel which ensures shareholders and the markets are adequately informed about its activities.
7.1 and 7.2	There has been no written implementation of policy on risk oversight and management or for senior management to make statements to the board concerning those matters.	Given the nature and size of the Company, its business interests and the involvement of all directors has not been considered necessary to establish this practice at this time; however the principles are adopted in circumstances where an event or issue is deemed to require it. This is a standing item on the Board's agenda and is discussed at each Board meeting.

Any director may nominate a person to be considered for appointment as a director of the Company, either as an additional director or as a replacement for a retiring director. Criteria for Board membership rests on the Board's assessment of the capacity of a nominee to contribute to the Parent Entity. Membership of the Board of directors is reviewed on an on-going basis by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee.

The terms and conditions relating to the appointment and retirement of non-executive directors are determined by the Board on an individual basis at the time of appointment of the director and are reviewed by the Chairman on an on-going basis.

Each director of the Parent Entity or a controlled entity has the right to seek independent professional advice at the expense of the Parent Entity or the controlled entity, however prior approval of the relevant Chairman is required which is not unreasonably withheld.

The remuneration of executive directors and non-executive directors is reviewed by the Board. The remuneration of other senior executives of the Parent Entity is also approved by the Nomination & Remuneration Committee. Directors are not remunerated in accordance with the performance of the Parent Entity or the Consolidated Entity.

The nomination of external auditors and the review of the adequacy of external audit arrangements is the responsibility of the Board of Directors as a whole.

The identification of areas of significant business risk and arrangements to manage such risks is the responsibility of the Board and senior executives. The Chairman reports to the Board on such matters on an on-going basis.

All directors, executives and staff of the Parent Entity and of all controlled entities, if any, are required to abide by the legal requirements and the highest standards of ethical conduct as recognised in each relevant jurisdiction in which the Consolidated Entity operates.

All directors, executives and staff of the Parent Entity and of all controlled entities, if any, are required to abide by all legal requirements, the Listing Rules of the Australian Stock Exchange and the highest standards of ethical conduct with regard to their personal trading in the securities of the Parent Entity or any of its controlled Entities.

The Directors
Sundance Resources Limited
Level 17, 140 St Georges Terrace
Perth WA 6000

14 September 2009

Dear Chairperson

Sundance Resources Limited

In accordance with section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001, I am pleased to provide the following declaration of independence to the directors of Sundance Resources Limited.

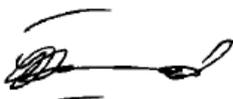
As lead audit partner for the audit of the financial statements of Sundance Resources Limited for the financial year ended 30 June 2009, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- (i) the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Yours sincerely



DELOITTE TOUCHE TOHMATSU



Ross Jerrard
Partner
Chartered Accountants



**SUNDANCE RESOURCES LTD
DIRECTORS' DECLARATION**

The directors declare that:

- (a) In the directors' opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable;
- (b) in the directors' opinion the attached financial statements, notes thereto and the additional disclosures included in the directors' report designated as audited are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including compliance with accounting standards and giving a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the Company and the Consolidated Entity; and
- (c) the directors have been given the declarations required by s.295A of the Corporations Act 2001.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors made pursuant to s.295 (5) of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the Directors

GL Wedlock
Director

DP Lewis
Director

14 September 2009
Perth, Western Australia



SUNDANCE RESOURCES LIMITED
INCOME STATEMENT FOR YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2009

	Note	Consolidated Entity		Parent Entity	
		2009 \$	2008 \$	2009 \$	2008 \$
CONTINUING OPERATIONS					
Revenues	3a	1,474,177	4,533,689	6,296,698	9,644,502
Consulting fees	4a	(456,218)	(784,867)	(207,561)	(598,404)
Depreciation	4a	(2,761,117)	(472,032)	(174,424)	(112,396)
Donations and charities	4a	(3,714)	(210,745)	(1,112)	(210,745)
Doubtful debts	4a	(19,177)	(908,117)	(9,976)	—
Due diligence	4a	(49,958)	(684,377)	(49,958)	(684,377)
Employee benefit expense	4a	(6,953,580)	(5,009,627)	(5,470,071)	(5,041,831)
Exchange rate losses	4a	(1,612,319)	(114,392)	(1,194,746)	—
Legal fees	4a	(551,808)	(431,133)	(442,251)	(431,133)
Listing and registry fees	4a	(232,770)	(412,807)	(232,770)	(412,807)
Travel expenses	4a	(748,448)	(1,198,810)	(653,398)	(1,198,810)
Other expenses	4a	(2,398,330)	(3,604,066)	(1,748,436)	(1,712,816)
Loss from continuing operations before income tax expense		(14,313,262)	(9,297,284)	(3,888,005)	(758,817)
Income tax expense	5	—	—	—	—
Loss from continuing operations		(14,313,262)	(9,297,284)	(3,888,005)	(758,817)
DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS					
Other income	3b	—	557,294	—	557,294
Other expenses	4b	—	(78,330)	—	(78,330)
Profit from discontinued operations		—	478,964	—	478,964
Loss for the year		(14,313,262)	(8,818,320)	(3,888,005)	(279,853)
Attributable to:					
Equity holders of the parent		(13,660,140)	(8,731,734)	(3,888,005)	(279,853)
Minority interest		(653,122)	(86,586)	—	—
		(14,313,262)	(8,818,320)	(3,888,005)	(279,853)
Earnings per share					
Continuing operations:					
- Basic (cents per share)	9	(0.71)	(0.50)		
- Diluted (cents per share)	9	(0.71)	(0.50)		
Discontinued operations					
- Basic (cents per share)	9	—	0.03		
- Diluted (cents per share)	9	—	0.03		
Continuing and discontinued operations					
- Basic (cents per share)	9	(0.71)	(0.47)		
- Diluted (cents per share)	9	(0.71)	(0.47)		

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements



SUNDANCE RESOURCES LIMITED
BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 JUNE 2009

	Note	Consolidated Entity		Parent Entity	
		2009	2008	2009	2008
		\$	\$	\$	\$
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	10	20,384,940	47,031,353	19,315,541	46,167,279
Trade and other receivables	11	2,543,869	2,408,175	171,816	849,736
Inventory	12	1,214,606	547,545	—	—
Other current assets	13	254,773	1,515,675	59,036	27,144
Total Current Assets		24,398,188	51,502,748	19,546,393	47,044,159
NON CURRENT ASSETS					
Property, plant and equipment	14	6,383,003	7,432,539	159,608	434,414
Exploration and evaluation assets	15	93,510,918	64,373,079	—	—
Other financial assets	16	—	—	120,452,647	83,005,107
Intangibles	17	415,586	235,780	—	—
Total Non-Current Assets		100,309,507	72,041,398	120,612,255	83,439,521
Total Assets		124,707,695	123,544,146	140,158,648	130,483,680
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Trade and other payables	19	2,172,918	6,721,498	960,123	5,133,103
Total Current Liabilities		2,172,918	6,721,498	960,123	5,133,103
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Total Non-Current Liabilities		—	—	—	—
Total Liabilities		2,172,918	6,721,498	960,123	5,133,103
Net Assets		122,534,777	116,822,648	139,198,525	125,350,577
EQUITY					
Issued capital	20	204,494,938	187,059,817	204,494,938	187,059,817
Reserves	21	11,926,117	9,790,384	10,072,207	9,771,375
Accumulated losses		(93,528,867)	(79,868,727)	(75,368,620)	(71,480,615)
Parent interest		122,892,188	116,981,474	139,198,525	125,350,577
Minority equity interest		(357,411)	(158,826)	—	—
Total Equity		122,534,777	116,822,648	139,198,525	125,350,577

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements



SUNDANCE RESOURCES LIMITED
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

Consolidated Entity

Attributable to Members of the Group

	Issued Capital \$	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve \$	Option Reserve \$	Accumulated Losses \$	Minority Interest \$	Total Equity \$
<i>At 1 July 2007</i>	126,104,817	35,965	9,003,675	(71,136,993)	(72,240)	63,935,224
Loss for the year	—	—	—	(8,731,734)	(86,586)	(8,818,320)
Total loss for the period	—	—	—	(8,731,734)	(86,586)	(8,818,320)
Securities issued	61,615,000	—	—	—	—	61,615,000
Equity raising costs	(660,000)	—	—	—	—	(660,000)
Cost of share based payment	—	—	767,700	—	—	767,700
Adjustments from translation of foreign controlled entities	—	(16,956)	—	—	—	(16,956)
At 30 June 2008	187,059,817	19,009	9,771,375	(79,868,727)	(158,826)	116,822,648
Loss for the year	—	—	—	(13,660,140)	(653,122)	(14,313,262)
Total loss for the period	—	—	—	(13,660,140)	(653,122)	(14,313,262)
Securities issued	17,406,753	—	—	—	—	17,406,753
Equity raising costs	(456,632)	—	—	—	—	(456,632)
Cost of share based payments	485,000	—	300,832	—	—	785,832
Adjustments from translation of foreign controlled entities	—	1,834,901	—	—	454,537	2,289,438
At 30 June 2009	204,494,938	1,853,910	10,072,207	(93,528,867)	(357,411)	122,534,777

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements



SUNDANCE RESOURCES LIMITED
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

Parent Entity

	Attributable to Members of the Company				
	Issued Capital	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	Option Reserve	Accumulated Losses	Total Equity
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<i>At 1 July 2007</i>	126,104,817	—	9,003,675	(71,200,762)	63,907,730
Loss attributable to members of parent entity	—	—	—	(279,853)	(279,853)
Total loss for the period	—	—	—	(279,853)	(279,853)
Securities issued	61,615,000	—	—	—	61,615,000
Equity raising costs	(660,000)	—	—	—	(660,000)
Cost of share based payment	—	—	767,700	—	767,700
At 30 June 2008	187,059,817	—	9,771,375	(71,480,615)	125,350,577
Loss attributable to members of parent entity	—	—	—	(3,888,005)	(3,888,005)
Total loss for the period	—	—	—	(3,888,005)	(3,888,005)
Securities issued	17,406,753	—	—	—	17,406,753
Equity raising costs	(456,632)	—	—	—	(456,632)
Cost of share based payments	485,000	—	300,832	—	785,832
At 30 June 2009	204,494,938	—	10,072,207	(75,368,620)	139,198,525

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements



SUNDANCE RESOURCES LIMITED
CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

	Note	Consolidated Entity		Parent Entity	
		2009 \$	2008 \$	2009 \$	2008 \$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Payments to suppliers & employees		(13,273,011)	(13,196,398)	(9,970,525)	(9,242,970)
Interest received		1,977,868	3,976,392	1,977,868	3,976,392
Interest & finance costs paid		—	(4,112)	—	(4,112)
Net Cash used in Operating Activities	25	(11,295,143)	(9,224,118)	(7,992,657)	(5,270,690)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Purchase of property, plant & equipment		(1,836,894)	(5,740,974)	(75,680)	(483,095)
Sale of mining tenements		—	557,294	—	557,294
Loans to related entities		—	—	(35,733,522)	(33,592,118)
Exploration expenditure		(30,342,468)	(23,466,980)	—	—
Other		(179,806)	(224,818)	—	—
Net Cash used in Investing Activities		(32,359,168)	(28,875,478)	(35,809,202)	(33,517,919)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from equity issues		17,406,753	61,615,000	17,406,753	61,615,000
Share issue expenses		(456,632)	(660,000)	(456,632)	(660,000)
Net Cash from Financing Activities		16,950,121	60,955,000	16,950,121	60,955,000
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash Held		(26,704,190)	22,855,404	(26,851,738)	22,166,391
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	10	47,031,353	24,171,094	46,167,279	24,000,889
Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents		57,777	4,855	—	—
Cash and cash equivalents at end of Year	10	20,384,940	47,031,353	19,315,541	46,167,279

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements



SUNDANCE RESOURCES LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

Note 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Sundance Resources Ltd A.C.N. 055 719 394 (the company) is a public company listed on the Australian Stock Exchange (trading under the symbol "SDL"), incorporated in Australia and operating in Australia and Africa.

Sundance Resources Limited's registered office and its principal place of business are as follows:

Registered office	Principal place of business
Level 17 140 St Georges Terrace Perth WA 6000	Level 17 140 St Georges Terrace Perth WA 6000

The entity's principal activities are the exploration for iron ore in the Republic of Cameroon and Republic of Congo.

Note 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Statement of compliance

The financial report is a general purpose financial which has been prepared in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, Accounting Standards and Interpretations, and complies with other requirements of the law.

The financial report includes the separate financial statements of the company and the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

Accounting Standards include Australian equivalents to the International Financial Reporting Standards ('A-IFRS'). Compliance with A-IFRS ensures that the financial statements and notes of the company and the Group comply with International Financial Reporting Standards ('IFRS').

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the directors on 14 September 2009.

Going concern

The financial report has been prepared on the going concern basis, which contemplates the continuity of normal business activity and the realisation of assets and the settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business.

The Directors continue the ongoing and active management of the expenditure incurred by the Consolidated Entity and the Company to protect the current cash levels. The cash flow forecast indicates that there is sufficient cash resources available to fund the planned activities and commitments of the entities for at least the next twelve months. In the unlikely event that unbudgeted costs be incurred the entities does have various alternatives available including the ability to reduce discretionary expenditure whilst additional finance is sought through either debt financing or capital raising arrangements.

The Directors have reviewed the Consolidated Entity's and the Company's overall position and outlook in respect of the matters identified above and are of the opinion that the use of the going concern basis is appropriate in the circumstances. Should the Consolidated Entity and Company be unable to continue as going concerns, they may be required to realise their assets and extinguish their liabilities other than in the normal course of business and at amounts different from those stated in the financial report.

The financial report does not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts or to the amounts and classification of liabilities that may be necessary should the Consolidated Entity and Company be unable to continue as going concerns.



SUNDANCE RESOURCES LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

Basis of Preparation of Accounts

The financial report has been prepared on an accruals basis and is based on the historical cost basis, except for the revaluation of certain non-current assets and financial instruments. Costs are based on the fair values of the consideration given in exchange for assets. All amounts are presented in Australian dollars, unless otherwise stated.

Critical accounting judgements and the key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Accounting Policies

a) Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company (referred to as 'the Group' in these financial statements). Control is achieved where the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated income statement from the effective date of acquisition or up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by other members in the Group.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full on consolidation. In the separate financial statements of the Company, intra-group transactions ('common control transactions') are generally accounted for by reference to the existing (consolidated) book value of the items. Where the transaction value of common control transactions differ from their consolidated book value, the difference is recognised as a contribution by or distribution to equity participants by the transacting entities.

Minority interests in the net assets (excluding goodwill) of the consolidated subsidiaries are identified separately from the Group's equity therein. Minority interests consist of the amount of those interests at the date of the original business combination and the minority's share of the changes in equity since the date of the combination. Losses applicable to the minority in excess of the minority's interest in the subsidiary's equity are allocated against the interests of the Group except to the extent that the minority has a binding obligation and is able to make an additional investment to cover the losses.

b) Foreign currency

The individual financial statements of each group entity are presented in its functional currency being the currency of the primary economic environments in which the entity operates. For the purposes of the consolidated financial statements, the results and financial position of each entity are expressed in Australian dollars, which is the functional currency of Sundance Resources Limited and the presentation currency for the consolidated financial statements.

In preparing the financial statements of the individual entities, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing in the month of the transactions. At each balance sheet date, monetary items are translated at the rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise except for:



SUNDANCE RESOURCES LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

- exchange differences which relate to assets under construction for future productive use, which are included in the cost of those assets where they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs on foreign currency borrowings;
- exchange differences on transactions entered into in order to hedge certain foreign currency risks; and
- exchange differences on monetary items receivable from or payable to a foreign operation for which settlement is neither planned or likely to occur, which form part of the net investment in a foreign operation, and which are recognised in the foreign currency translation reserve and recognised in the profit or loss on disposal of the net investment.

On consolidation, assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into Australian dollars at exchange rates prevailing at the balance date. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case exchange rates at the dates of the transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are classified as equity and transferred to the Group's foreign currency translation reserve. Such exchange differences are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the foreign operation is disposed.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity on or after the date of the transaction to A-IRFS are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at exchange rates prevailing at the reporting date. Goodwill arising on acquisitions before the date of the translation to A-IFRS ('Australian equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards') is treated as an Australian dollar denominated asset.

c) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST), except:

- i. where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority, it is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense.
- ii. for receivables and payables which are recognised inclusive of GST.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of the receivables or payables. Cash flows are included in the cash flow statement on a gross basis. The GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities, which is recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority, is classified within operating cash flows.

d) Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

e) Share-based payments

Equity-settled share-based payments with employees and others providing similar services are measured at the fair value of the equity instrument at the grant date. Fair value is measured by use of a Black Scholes or binomial model. The expected life used in the model has been adjusted, based on management's best estimate, for the effects of non-transferability, exercise restrictions, and behavioural considerations. Further details on how the fair value of equity-settled share-based transactions have been determined can be found in note 26.

The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of the equity instruments that will eventually vest.

At each reporting date, the Group revises its estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognised in profit or loss over the remaining vesting period, with the corresponding adjustment to the equity-settled employee benefits reserve.



SUNDANCE RESOURCES LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

Equity-settled share-based payments transactions with other parties are measured at the fair value of the goods and services received, except where the fair value cannot be estimated reliably, in which case they are at the fair value of the equity instrument granted, measured at the date the entity obtains the goods or the counterparty renders the service.

For cash-settled share-based payments, a liability equal to the portion of the goods or services received is recognised at the current fair value determined at each reporting date.

f) Income Tax

Current tax

Current income tax is calculated by reference to the amount of income taxes payable or recoverable in respect to the taxable profit or tax loss for the period. It is calculated using the tax rates that have been enacted or are substantially enacted by the balance sheet date. Current tax for current and prior periods is recognised as a liability (or asset) to the extent that it is unpaid (or refundable).

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method. Temporary differences are differences arising between the tax bases of an asset or liability and its carrying amount in the balance sheet. The tax base of an asset or liability is the amount attributed to that asset or liability for tax purposes.

In principle, deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable amounts will be available against which deductible temporary differences or unused tax losses and tax offsets can be utilised. However, deferred tax assets or liabilities are not recognised if the temporary differences giving rise to them arise from the initial recognition of assets and liabilities (other than a result of a business combination) which affects neither taxable income nor accounting profit. Furthermore, a deferred tax liability is not recognised in relation to taxable temporary differences arising from the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates and interests in joint ventures except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with these investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period(s) when the asset and liability giving rise to them are realised or settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by reporting date. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amounts of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Current and deferred tax for the period

Current and deferred tax is recognised as an expense or income in the income statement, except when it relates to items credited or debited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised directly in equity, or where it arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, in which case it is taken into account in the determination of goodwill or excess.

g) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits. Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and have a maturity of three months or less at the date of acquisition.



SUNDANCE RESOURCES LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

h) Financial assets

Investments are recognised and derecognised on trade date where the purchase or sale of an investment is under a contract whose terms require delivery of the investment within the timeframe established by the market concerned, and are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs except for those financial assets classified at fair value through profit or loss which are initially measured at fair value.

Subsequent to initial recognition, investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost in the company financial statements. Subsequent to initial recognition, investments in associates are accounted for under the equity method in the consolidated financial statements and the cost method in the company financial statements.

Other financial assets are classified into the following specified categories: financial assets 'at fair value through profit or loss', 'held-to-maturity investments', 'available-for-sale' financial assets, and 'loans and receivables'. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees on points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset, or, where appropriate, a shorter period.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are classified as financial assets at fair value through the profit or loss where the financial asset:

- has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near future;
- is a part of an identified portfolio of financial instruments that the Group manages;
- has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are stated at fair value, with any resultant gain or loss recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset.

Held-to-maturity investments

Bills of exchange and debentures with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity dates where that the group has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity are classified as held-to-maturity investments. Held-to-maturity investments are recorded at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment, with revenue recognised on an effective yield basis.

Available-for-sale financial assets

Certain shares and redeemable notes held by the Group are classified as being available-for sale and are stated at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are recognised directly in the investments revaluation reserve with the exception of impairment losses, interest calculated using the effective interest method and foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary assets which are recognised directly in profit or loss. Where the investment is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in the investments revaluation reserve is included in profit or loss for the period.

Dividends on available-for-sale equity instruments are recognised in profit and loss when the Group's right to receive the dividends is established.

The fair value of available-for-sale monetary assets denominated in a foreign currency is determined in that foreign currency and translated at the spot rate at reporting date. The change in fair value attributable to translation differences that result from a change in amortised cost of the asset is recognised in profit or loss, and other changes are recognised in equity.



SUNDANCE RESOURCES LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

Loans and receivables

Trade receivables, loans, and other receivables that have fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as 'loans and receivables'. Loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment.

Interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those at fair value through profit or loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each balance sheet date. Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset the estimated future cash flows of the investment have been impacted.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of the impairment is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

With the exception of available-for-sale equity instruments, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent the carrying amount of the investment at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

In respect of available-for-sale equity instruments, any subsequent increase in fair value after an impairment loss is recognised directly in equity.

i) Non-current assets held for sale

Non-current assets and disposal groups are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable and the asset (or disposal group) is available for immediate sale in its present condition. Management must be committed to the sale, which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification.

Non-current assets (and disposal groups) classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of their previous carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

j) Property, plant and equipment

Plant and equipment, leasehold improvements are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Construction in progress is stated at cost. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of the item. In the event that settlement of all or part of the purchase consideration is deferred, cost is determined by discounting the amounts payable in the future to their present value as at the date of acquisition.

Depreciation is provided on property, plant and equipment, including freehold buildings but excluding land. Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis so as to write off the net cost or other revalued amount of each asset over its expected useful life to its estimated residual value. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the period of the lease or estimated useful life, whichever is the shorter, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each annual reporting period, with the effect of any changes recognised on a prospective basis.



SUNDANCE RESOURCES LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

The gain or loss arising on disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

The following useful lives are used in the calculation of depreciation:

Plant and equipment	–	3 to 15 years
Buildings	–	15 years
Leasehold improvements	–	15 years

k) Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately

Intangible assets acquired separately are recorded at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment. Amortisation is charged on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful life and amortisation method is reviewed at the end of each annual reporting period, with any changes in these accounting estimates being accounted for on a prospective basis.

Internally-generated intangible assets – research and development expenditure

Expenditure on research activities is recognised as an expense in the period in which it is incurred. Where no internally-generated intangible asset can be recognised, development expenditure is recognised as an expense in the period as incurred.

An intangible asset arising from development (or from the development phase of an internal project) is recognised if, and only if, all of the following have been demonstrated:

- the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale;
- the intention to complete the intangible asset and use or sell it;
- the ability to use or sell the intangible asset;
- how the intangible asset will generate probable future economic benefits;
- the availability of adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the intangible asset; and
- the ability to measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development.

The amount initially recognised for internally-generated intangible assets is the sum of the expenditure incurred from the date when the intangible asset first meets the recognition criteria listed above.

Subsequent to initial recognition, internally-generated intangible assets are reported at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, on the same basis as intangible assets acquired separately.

The following useful lives are used in the calculation of amortisation:

Capitalised development	5 years
Patents	10 – 20 years
Trademarks	20 years
Licences	20 years

l) Impairment of long-lived assets excluding goodwill

At each reporting date, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where the asset does not generate cash flows that are independent from other assets, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Where a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.



SUNDANCE RESOURCES LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pretax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at fair value, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

m) Employee benefits

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees in respect of wages and salaries, annual leave, long service leave, and sick leave when it is probable that settlement will be required and that they are capable of being measured reliably.

Liabilities recognised in respect of employee benefits expected to be settled within 12 months, are measured at their nominal values using the remuneration rate expected to apply at the time of settlement.

Liabilities recognised in respect of employee benefits which are not expected to be settled within 12 months are measured as the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made by the Group in respect of services provided by employees up to reporting date.

n) Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Significant accounting judgements

The directors evaluate estimates and judgments incorporated into the financial report based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the group.

Exploration and evaluation assets

The Group's accounting policy for exploration and evaluation expenditure is set out below. The application of this policy necessarily requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions as to future events and circumstances, in particular, the assessment of whether economic quantities of reserves are found. Any such estimates and assumptions may change as new information becomes available. If, after having capitalised expenditure under our policy, we conclude that we are unlikely to recover the expenditure by future exploitation or sale, then the relevant capitalised amount will be written off to the income statement.

Share-based payment transactions

The Group measures the cost of equity-settled transactions with employees by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by an external valuer using a binomial model, using the assumptions detailed in Note 26 Share Based Payments.

o) Exploration and evaluation expenditure

Exploration and evaluation expenditures in relation to each separate area of interest are recognised as an exploration and evaluation asset in the year in which they are incurred where the following conditions are satisfied:

- (i) the rights to tenure of the area of interest are current; and



SUNDANCE RESOURCES LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

- (ii) at least one of the following conditions is also met:
- (a) the exploration and evaluation expenditures are expected to be recouped through successful development and exploration of the area of interest, or alternatively, by its sale; or
 - (b) exploration and evaluation activities in the area of interest have not, at the reporting date, reached a stage which permits a reasonable assessment of the existence or otherwise of economically recoverable reserves, and active and significant operations in, or in relation to, the area of interest are continuing.

Exploration and evaluation assets are initially measured at cost and include acquisition of rights to explore, studies, exploratory drilling, trenching and sampling and associated activities and on allocation of depreciation and amortisation of assets used in exploration and evaluation activities. General and administrative costs are only included in the measurement of exploration and evaluation costs where they are related directly to operational activities in a particular area of interest.

Exploration and evaluation assets are assessed for impairment when facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount of an exploration and evaluation asset may exceed its recoverable amount.

p) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated as net profit attributable to members of the parent, adjusted to exclude any costs of servicing equity (other than dividends) and preference share dividends (as applicable), divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares, adjusted for any bonus element.

Diluted earnings per share is calculated as net profit attributable to members of the parent, adjusted for; costs of servicing equity (other than dividends) and preference share dividends (as applicable); the after tax effect of dividends and interest associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares that have been recognised as expenses; and other non-discretionary changes in revenues or expenses during the period that would result from the dilution of potential ordinary shares; divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares and dilutive potential ordinary shares, adjusted for any bonus element.

q) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs, including an appropriate portion of fixed and variable overhead expenses, are assigned to inventories by the method most appropriate to each particular class of inventory, with all categories being valued on a first in first out basis. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.



SUNDANCE RESOURCES LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

Adoption of new and revised accounting standards

At the date of the authorisation of the financial report, a number of Standards and Interpretations were in issue but not yet effective. Initial application of the following Standards will not affect the amounts recognised in the financial report, but will change the disclosures presently made in relation to the Group and the Company's financial report:

Standard	Effective for the annual reporting periods beginning on or after	Expected to be initially applied in the financial year ending
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> AASB 101 'Presentation of Financial Statements' (revised September 2007), AASB 2007-8 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 101', AASB 2007-10 'Further Amendments to the Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB101' 	1 January 2009	30 June 2010
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> AASB 8 'Operating Segments', AASB 2007-3 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 8' 	1 January 2009	30 June 2010
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> AASB 2009-2 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Improving Disclosures about Financial Instruments' 	1 January 2009 (and that ends on or after 30 April 2009)	30 June 2010

Initial application of the following Standards and Interpretations are not expected to have any material impact on the financial report of the Group and the Company.

Standards/Interpretations	Effective for the annual reporting periods beginning on or after	Expected to be initially applied in the financial year ending
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> AASB 123 'Borrowing Costs' (revised), AASB 2007-6 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 123' 	1 January 2009	30 June 2010
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> AASB 3 'Business Combinations' (2008), AASB 127 'Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements' and AASB 2008-3 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 3 and AASB 127' 	AASB 3 (business combinations occurring after the beginning of annual report periods beginning 1 July (2009), AASB 127 and AASB 2008-3 (1 July 2009)	30 June 2010
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> AASB 2008-1 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standard – Share-based Payments: Vesting Conditions' 	1 January 2009	30 June 2010



SUNDANCE RESOURCES LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

and Cancellations'		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> AASB 2008-5 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from the Annual Improvements Project' 	1 January 2009	30 June 2010
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> AASB 2008-6 'Further Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from the Annual Improvements Project' 	1 July 2009	30 June 2010
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> AASB 2008-7 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Cost of an Investment in a Subsidiary, Joint Controlled Entity or Associate' 	1 January 2009	30 June 2010
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> AASB 2009-4 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from the Annual Improvements Process' 	1 July 2009	30 June 2010
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> AASB 2009-5 'Further Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from the Annual Improvements Process' 	1 January 2010	30 June 2011
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> AASB 2009-6 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards' 	1 January 2009	30 June 2010
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> AASB 2009-7 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards' 	1 July 2009	30 June 2010
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> AASB 2009-8 'Group Cash Settled Share Based Payment Transactions' 	1 July 2009	30 June 2010
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> AASB Interpretation 17 'Distributions of Non-cash Assets to Owners', AASB 2008-13 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB Interpretation 17 – Distributions of Non-cash Assets to Owners' 	1 July 2009	30 June 2010



SUNDANCE RESOURCES LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

Note 3. REVENUE

	Consolidated Entity		Parent Entity	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
	\$	\$	\$	\$
a. Revenue from continuing operations				
REVENUE				
Interest revenue	1,472,994	4,408,587	1,472,994	4,408,587
Management fee – Intra-group	—	—	4,822,521	5,126,622
Other income	1,183	125,102	1,183	109,293
Total Revenue	1,474,177	4,533,689	6,296,698	9,644,502
b. Revenue from discontinued operations				
OTHER INCOME				
Proceeds on disposal of investments	—	557,294	—	557,294
Total Other Income	—	557,294	—	557,294



SUNDANCE RESOURCES LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

Note 4. EXPENSES

	Consolidated Entity		Parent Entity	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
	\$	\$	\$	\$
a. Expenses from continuing operations				
Depreciation of:				
property, plant & equipment	2,761,117	472,032	174,424	112,396
Bad and doubtful debts	19,177	908,117	9,976	—
Consulting	456,218	784,867	207,561	598,404
Donations & charities	3,714	210,745	1,112	210,745
Due diligence	49,958	684,377	49,958	684,377
Employee benefit expense				
-Share based payment	300,832	749,790	300,832	749,790
-Post employment benefits	176,194	132,021	176,194	132,021
-Other	6,476,554	4,127,816	4,993,045	4,160,020
	6,953,580	5,009,627	5,470,071	5,041,831
Exchange rate losses	1,612,319	114,392	1,194,746	—
Legal fees	551,808	431,133	442,251	431,133
Listing & registry fees	232,770	412,807	232,770	412,807
Travel	748,448	1,198,810	653,398	1,198,810
Other expenses				
-Hire of plant & equipment	55,267	327,792	—	—
-Insurance (*)	158,920	166,671	230,041	159,861
-Interest expense - other persons	41	4,112	41	4,112
-Loss on disposal of plant & equipment (*)	125,313	97,631	176,062	88,849
-Occupancy costs	1,401,912	1,228,257	588,746	391,727
-Other	136,900	1,413,686	432,069	813,460
-Public relations	208,352	155,233	202,576	139,646
-Share based payment	—	17,910	—	17,910
-Telephone & internet	311,625	192,774	118,901	97,251
	2,398,330	3,604,066	1,748,436	1,712,816
	15,787,439	13,830,973	10,184,703	10,403,319
b. Expenses from discontinued operations				
Other expenditure from discontinued operations	—	78,330	—	78,330
	—	78,330	—	78,330
	—	78,330	—	78,330

(*) Consolidated Entity figures are net.



SUNDANCE RESOURCES LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

Note 5. INCOME TAX

	Consolidated Entity		Parent Entity	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
	\$	\$	\$	\$
The components of tax expense comprise:				
<i>Current Income Tax</i>				
- Current income charge	(4,420,233)	(3,287,310)	—	—
<i>Deferred Income Tax</i>				
- Relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	(18,103)	(133,551)	(424,612)	(133,551)
- Timing differences not brought to account	4,438,336	3,420,861	424,612	133,551
Income tax expense reported in the income statement	—	—	—	—
The prima facie tax on profit from ordinary activities is reconciled to the income tax as follows:				
Prima facie tax payable on profit from ordinary activities before income tax at 30% (2008: 30%)				
- consolidated group	(4,293,979)	(2,645,496)	—	—
- parent entity	—	—	(1,166,401)	(83,956)
Add:				
Tax effect of:				
- Tax rate difference for foreign operations	(886,146)	(725,770)	—	—
- Accounting profit on sale of assets	—	(167,188)	—	(167,188)
- write down of investments	—	—	—	—
- other non allowable items	741,789	951,076	741,789	951,076
- tax losses not brought to account	—	—	—	—
- unbooked tax losses recouped in the current year	—	(833,483)	—	(833,483)
- timing differences not brought to account	4,438,336	3,420,861	424,612	133,551
Income tax attributable to entity	—	—	—	—
Unrecognised deferred tax balances				
Unrecognised deferred tax asset - losses	14,764,076	10,343,843	7,463,042	7,056,533
Unrecognised deferred tax assets - other	380,473	362,370	380,474	362,370
Deferred tax asset not brought to account	15,144,549	10,706,213	7,843,516	7,418,903

The deferred tax asset not brought to account will only be of benefit to the Consolidated Entity if future assessable income is derived of a nature and amount sufficient to enable the benefits to be realised, the conditions for deductibility imposed by the tax legislation continue to be complied with and the entities in the Consolidated Entity are able to meet the continuity of ownership and/or continuity of business tests.



SUNDANCE RESOURCES LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

Note 6. KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL COMPENSATION

The aggregate compensation made to key management personnel of the Company and the Group is set out below.

	Consolidated Entity		Parent Entity	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Short-term employee benefits	2,442,145	2,167,812	2,240,545	1,986,939
Post-employment benefits	72,704	42,419	72,704	42,419
Share-based payment	253,769	269,563	253,769	269,563
	2,768,618	2,479,794	2,567,018	2,298,921

The compensation of each member of the key management personnel of the Group is set out below:

2009	Short-term benefits			Post-employment benefits	Share based payments	Total
	Salary & fees	Bonus	Other	Super-annuation	Options & rights	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Parent Entity						
Mr G Jones	240,000	-	13,446	-	-	253,446
Mr J Saunders	25,000	-	-	-	-	25,000
Mr G Wedlock	60,000	-	-	-	-	60,000
Mr K Talbot	60,000	-	-	-	-	60,000
Mr C Oliver	60,000	-	-	-	-	60,000
Mr D Lewis	544,000	-	15,906	-	-	559,906
Mr A Pismiris	30,000	-	-	-	-	30,000
Mr R Longley	395,833	-	14,802	-	33,523	444,158
Mr P Canterbury	248,333	-	14,802	22,350	-	285,485
Mr D Morgan	270,000	-	14,802	30,000	171,327	486,129
Mr J Carr-Gregg	226,156	-	7,465	20,354	48,919	302,894
Consolidated Entity						
Mr R Bogne	137,600	-	64,000	-	-	201,600
	2,296,922	-	145,223	72,704	253,769	2,768,618



SUNDANCE RESOURCES LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

2008	Short-term benefits			Post-employment benefits	Share based payments	Total
	Salary & fees	Bonus	Other	Super-annuation	Options & rights	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Parent Entity						
Mr G Jones	230,000	-	6,600	-	-	236,600
Mr J Saunders	60,000	-	-	-	-	60,000
Mr G Wedlock	41,290	-	-	-	-	41,290
Mr K Talbot	47,377	-	-	-	-	47,377
Mr C Oliver	13,833	-	-	-	-	13,833
Mr D Lewis	528,000	100,000	6,600	-	-	634,600
Mr A Pismiris	120,000	-	-	-	-	120,000
Mr R Longley	348,315	-	6,600	-	-	354,915
Mr P Canterbury	230,000	35,000	6,600	20,000	-	291,600
Mr D Morgan	201,774	-	4,950	22,419	269,563	498,706
Consolidated Entity						
Mr R Bogne	145,123	-	35,750	-	-	180,873
	1,965,712	135,000	67,100	42,419	269,563	2,479,794

Fully paid ordinary shares of Sundance Resources Limited

	Balance at 1 July	Granted as compensation	Received on exercise of options	Net other change	Balance at 30 June
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
2009					
Parent Entity					
G Jones	15,500,000	-	-	62,500	15,562,500
G Wedlock	-	-	-	75,000	75,000
J Saunders	1,475,000	-	-	(1,475,000)	-
D Lewis	1,250,000	-	-	62,500	1,312,500
A Pismiris	12,333,333	-	-	(12,333,333)	-
K Talbot *	371,580,826	-	-	62,526,316	434,107,142
P Canterbury	400,000	-	-	62,500	462,500
D Morgan	50,000	-	-	62,500	112,500
Consolidated Entity					
R Bogne	12,770,000	-	-	(5,770,000)	7,000,000
2008					
Parent Entity					
G Jones	15,000,000	-	-	500,000	15,500,000
J Saunders	1,575,000	-	-	(100,000)	1,475,000
D Lewis	1,250,000	-	-	-	1,250,000
A Pismiris	8,333,333	-	4,000,000	-	12,333,333
K Talbot *	197,999,510	-	-	173,581,316	371,580,826
P Canterbury	375,000	-	-	25,000	400,000
D Morgan	-	-	-	50,000	50,000
Consolidated Entity					
R Bogne	22,500,000	-	-	(9,730,000)	12,770,000

* K Talbot appointed director on 17 September 2008.

Net other change refers to ordinary shares purchased or sold during the financial year.



SUNDANCE RESOURCES LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

Share options of Sundance Resources Limited

	Balance at 1 July No.	Granted as compensation No.	Exercised No.	Bal at 30 June No.	Bal vested at 30 June No.	Vested and exercise- able No.	Vested and not exercise- able No.	Vested during the year
2009								
G Jones	30,000,000	-	-	30,000,000	30,000,000	30,000,000	-	-
D Lewis	30,000,000	-	-	30,000,000	30,000,000	30,000,000	-	-
R Longley	2,000,000	1,000,000	-	3,000,000	2,333,334	2,333,334	-	333,334
P Canterbury	2,000,000	-	-	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	-	-
D Morgan	2,000,000	-	-	2,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	-	1,000,000
J Carr-Gregg	-	1,635,000	-	1,635,000	545,000	545,000	-	545,000
2008								
G Jones	30,000,000	-	-	30,000,000	30,000,000	10,000,000	20,000,000	-
J Saunders	10,000,000	-	-	10,000,000	10,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	-
D Lewis	30,000,000	-	-	30,000,000	30,000,000	10,000,000	20,000,000	-
A Pismiris	14,000,000	-	(4,000,000)	10,000,000	10,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	-
R Longley	2,000,000	-	-	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	-	-
P Canterbury	2,000,000	-	-	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	-	-
D Morgan	-	2,000,000	-	2,000,000	-	-	-	-

J Saunders and A Pismiris resigned as directors of the Company 28 November 2008. At the date of resignation each of the directors forfeited 10m vested options. These options were subject to the terms and conditions approved at the meeting of shareholders held 8 January 2007.

G Jones and D Lewis options were granted 8 January 2007 and fully expensed in that year.



SUNDANCE RESOURCES LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

Note 7. AUDITORS REMUNERATION

	Consolidated Entity		Parent Entity	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Remuneration of the auditor of the parent entity for:				
- auditing or reviewing the financial report	53,375	49,125	53,375	49,125
- taxation services	24,594	2,000	24,594	2,000
- other services (*)	36,467	40,709	36,467	40,709
	<u>114,436</u>	<u>91,834</u>	<u>114,436</u>	<u>91,834</u>

(*) other services include financial modelling consultancy services and other ad-hoc advisory.

Remuneration of other auditors of subsidiaries for:

- auditing or reviewing the financial report of subsidiaries	27,629	62,053	—	—
	<u>142,065</u>	<u>153,887</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu perform the audit of subsidiaries.

Note 8. DIVIDENDS

No dividends have been paid or proposed during the year.



SUNDANCE RESOURCES LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

Note 9. EARNINGS PER SHARE

	Consolidated Entity	
	2009	2008
	\$	\$
<i>a. Reconciliation of earnings to profit or loss</i>		
Loss	(14,313,262)	(8,818,320)
Loss attributable to minority equity interest	653,122	86,586
Redeemable and converting preference share dividends	—	—
Earnings used to calculate basic EPS	(13,660,140)	(8,731,734)
Dividends on converting preference shares	—	—
Earnings used in the calculation of dilutive EPS	(13,660,140)	(8,731,734)
<i>b. Reconciliation of earnings to profit or loss from continuing operations</i>		
Loss from continuing operations	(14,313,262)	(9,297,284)
Loss attributable to minority equity interest in respect of continuing operations	653,122	86,586
Redeemable and converting preference share dividends	—	—
Earnings used to calculate basic EPS from continuing operations	(13,660,140)	(9,210,698)
Dividends on converting preference shares	—	—
Earnings used in the calculation of dilutive EPS from continuing operations	(13,660,140)	(9,210,698)
<i>c. Reconciliation of earnings to profit or loss from discontinuing operations</i>		
Profit from discontinuing operations	—	478,964
Loss attributable to minority equity interest	—	—
Redeemable and converting preference share dividends	—	—
Earnings used to calculate basic EPS from discontinuing operations	—	478,964
<i>d. Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year used in calculating basic EPS and diluted EPS.</i>	No.	No.
	1,917,696,165	1,843,347,622

During the year ended 30 June 2009, 6,535,000 options to subscribe for ordinary shares were issued, 2,000,000 options were exercised, 22,000,000 options were forfeited, leaving 75,535,000 outstanding at 30 June 2009 (note 20).

During the year ended 30 June 2008, 8,500,000 options to subscribe for ordinary shares were issued, 55,833,333 options were exercised, 1 option expired unexercised, 1,500,000 options were forfeited, leaving 93,000,000 outstanding at 30 June 2008 (note 20).

These options are not considered dilutive for the purposes of the calculation of diluted earnings per share as their conversion to ordinary shares would not decrease the net loss from continuing operations per share. Consequently the diluted earnings per share is the same as basic earnings per share.



SUNDANCE RESOURCES LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

Note 10. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	Consolidated Entity		Parent Entity	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Cash at bank and in hand	2,965,519	4,327,088	1,896,120	3,463,014
Short-term bank deposits	17,419,421	42,704,265	17,419,421	42,704,265
	<u>20,384,940</u>	<u>47,031,353</u>	<u>19,315,541</u>	<u>46,167,279</u>

The effective interest rate on short-term deposits was 4.78% (2008: 6.5%) these deposits have an average maturity of 91 days.

Note 11. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Consolidated Entity		Parent Entity	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
	\$	\$	\$	\$
CURRENT				
GST/VAT	2,470,886	1,451,263	98,833	230,496
Other debtors	72,983	956,912	72,983	619,240
	<u>2,543,869</u>	<u>2,408,175</u>	<u>171,816</u>	<u>849,736</u>

Note 12. INVENTORIES

	Consolidated Entity		Parent Entity	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
	\$	\$	\$	\$
CURRENT				
Consumables	1,214,606	547,545	—	—
	<u>1,214,606</u>	<u>547,545</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>

Inventories are carried at lower of cost and net realisable value.

Note 13. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

	Consolidated Entity		Parent Entity	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
	\$	\$	\$	\$
CURRENT				
Prepayments	112,351	124,137	16,494	26,944
Deposit – Wallis Drilling	—	1,370,830	—	—
Deposits – other	142,422	20,708	42,542	200
	<u>254,773</u>	<u>1,515,675</u>	<u>59,036</u>	<u>27,144</u>



SUNDANCE RESOURCES LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

Note 14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Consolidated Entity		Parent Entity	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
	\$	\$	\$	\$
BUILDINGS				
Buildings:				
At cost	2,302,553	1,166,256	—	—
Accumulated depreciation	(160,023)	—	—	—
	2,142,530	1,166,256	—	—
PLANT AND EQUIPMENT				
At cost	7,823,736	7,333,520	348,142	385,408
Accumulated depreciation	(3,583,263)	(1,235,363)	(188,534)	(119,120)
	4,240,473	6,098,157	159,608	266,288
LEASEHOLD IMPROVEMENTS				
At cost	—	168,861	—	168,861
Accumulated depreciation	—	(735)	—	(735)
	—	168,126	—	168,126
Total Property, Plant and Equipment	6,383,003	7,432,539	159,608	434,414



SUNDANCE RESOURCES LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

Movements in the carrying amount of each class of Property, Plant and Equipment

	Buildings \$	Leasehold Improvements \$	Plant and Equipment \$	Total \$
Consolidated Group				
Balance at 1 July 2007	319,899	84,877	2,354,083	2,758,859
Additions	846,357	174,449	4,720,168	5,740,974
Disposals	—	(88,849)	(8,782)	(97,631)
Depreciation capitalised	—	—	(497,631)	(497,631)
Depreciation expense	—	(2,351)	(469,681)	(472,032)
Balance at 30 June 2008	1,166,256	168,126	6,098,157	7,432,539
Additions	1,136,297	—	764,574	1,900,871
Disposals	—	(150,803)	(38,487)	(189,290)
Depreciation capitalised	—	—	—	—
Depreciation expense	(160,023)	(17,323)	(2,583,771)	(2,761,117)
Balance at 30 June 2009	2,142,530	—	4,240,473	6,383,003
Parent Entity				
Balance at 1 July 2007	—	84,877	67,687	152,564
Additions	—	174,449	308,646	483,095
Disposals	—	(88,849)	—	(88,849)
Depreciation expense	—	(2,351)	(110,045)	(112,396)
Balance at 30 June 2008	—	168,126	266,288	434,414
Additions	—	—	75,680	75,680
Disposals	—	(150,803)	(25,259)	(176,062)
Depreciation expense	—	(17,323)	(157,101)	(174,424)
Balance at 30 June 2009	—	—	159,608	159,608



SUNDANCE RESOURCES LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

Note 15. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

	Consolidated Entity		Parent Entity	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
	\$	\$	\$	\$
<i>Mbalam Iron Ore Project</i>				
Carrying amount at beginning of year	64,271,181	35,279,857	—	—
Additions	28,417,938	28,991,324	—	—
Expenditure written off	—	—	—	—
Disposals	—	—	—	—
	92,689,119	64,271,181	—	—
 <i>Congo Iron Ore Project</i>				
Carrying amount at beginning of year	101,898	—	—	—
Additions	719,901	101,898	—	—
Expenditure written off	—	—	—	—
Disposals	—	—	—	—
	821,799	101,898	—	—
	93,510,918	64,373,079	—	—

At 30 June 2009, the Parent Entity held a 90% interest in Cam Iron S.A. in Cameroon. Cam Iron S.A. holds a 100% interest in the Mbalam Iron Ore Project in Cameroon. The Mbalam Iron Ore Project has not yet reached the stage of assessing the existence of economically recoverable reserves, the outcome of which will ultimately affect the carrying value of this investment.

The ultimate recoupment of costs for areas of interest in the exploration and evaluation phases is dependent on the successful development and commercial exploitation, or alternatively, sale of the respective areas. The commercial exploitation of some areas of interest may require the satisfactory settlement land title claims.



SUNDANCE RESOURCES LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

Note 16. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

	Consolidated Entity		Parent Entity	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
	\$	\$	\$	\$
<i>Unlisted investments, at cost:</i>				
Share in controlled entities				
- Cam Iron S.A.	—	—	29,283,712	29,283,712
- Congo Iron S.A.	—	—	485,000	—
 <i>Loans carried at amortised cost:</i>				
Loans to subsidiaries				
- Cam Iron S.A.	—	—	90,295,721	53,692,709
- Congo Iron S.A.	—	—	388,214	28,686
	—	—	120,452,647	83,005,107

Net Assets of the Consolidated Entity

The net asset position of the consolidated entity is lower than that of the Company. This position is a result of fees being charged to the subsidiary in prior periods through the inter-company account which are expensed within the subsidiary. Management believe that it would be misleading to impair the inter-company receivable and believe that the recovery of these amounts will satisfactorily be made through the exploitation of the project in due course.

At 30 June 2009, the Parent Entity held an 85% interest in Congo Iron S.A, a company incorporated in the Republic of Congo. This company holds a 100% interest in the Congo Iron Ore Project in the Republic of Congo. During the year the Parent Entity increased its interest in Congo Iron from an indirect 63% interest (direct interest held by Cam Iron SA) to a direct 85% interest. The cost of this investment is referred to in Note 16 to the accounts.

Exploration and Evaluation expenditure incurred on behalf of Cam Iron by the Parent Entity has been reclassified in the current financial year as a loan to subsidiary. Terms and conditions of the loan to Cam Iron S.A. are detailed in the Loan Agreement between Sundance Resources Limited and Cam Iron S.A which forms part of the Cam Iron S.A. Shareholders Deed, dated 4 July 2007.

Note 17. INTANGIBLES

	Consolidated Entity		Parent Entity	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
	\$	\$	\$	\$
NON-CURRENT				
Carrying amount at beginning of year	235,780	10,962	—	—
Additions	203,366	234,759	—	—
Amortisation	(23,560)	(9,941)	—	—
	415,586	235,780	—	—

Intangibles include patents, licences, concessions and software.



SUNDANCE RESOURCES LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

Note 18. CONTROLLED ENTITIES

a. Controlled Entities Consolidated

	Country of Incorporation	Percentage Owned (%)	
		2009	2008
<i>Parent Entity:</i>			
- Sundance Resources Ltd	Australia	—	—
<i>Subsidiaries of Sundance Resources Ltd:</i>			
- Cam Iron S.A.	Cameroon	90	90
- Sundance Minerals Pty Ltd	Australia	100	100
- Sundance Exploration Pty Ltd	Australia	100	100
- Sundance Mining Pty Ltd	Australia	100	100
- Congo Iron SA	Congo	85	—
- Copper International Pty Ltd ¹	Australia	—	100
<i>Entities controlled by Copper International Pty Ltd</i>			
- Mine Holdings Corporation	Turks & Caicos Islands	—	100
<i>Entities controlled by Cam Iron S.A.</i>			
- Congo Iron S.A.	Congo	—	70

⁽¹⁾ Copper International (the former holding vehicle for company's Bolivian tenements) was deregistered by ASIC on 10 August 2008 following application from Sundance for voluntary deregistration.

Terms and conditions of the loan to Cam Iron S.A. are detailed in the Loan Agreement between Sundance Resources Limited and Cam Iron S.A which forms part of the Cam Iron S.A. Shareholders Deed, dated 4 July 2007.

Note 19. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	Consolidated Entity		Parent Entity	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
	\$	\$	\$	\$
CURRENT				
Trade payables	2,138,335	6,555,119	772,201	4,985,644
Sundry payables and accrued expenses	34,583	166,379	187,921	147,459
	<u>2,172,918</u>	<u>6,721,498</u>	<u>960,122</u>	<u>5,133,103</u>

Sundry creditors are non-interest bearing and generally on 30 day terms.



SUNDANCE RESOURCES LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

Note 20. ISSUED CAPITAL

	Consolidated Entity		Parent Entity	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
	\$	\$	\$	\$
2,102,042,808 fully paid ordinary shares (2008: 1,880,915,241)	204,494,938	187,059,817	204,494,938	187,059,817
	<u>204,494,938</u>	<u>187,059,817</u>	<u>204,494,938</u>	<u>187,059,817</u>

Changes to the then Corporations Law abolished the authorised capital and par value concept in relation to share capital from 1 July 1998. Therefore, the Company does not have a limited amount of authorised capital and issued shares do not have a par value.



SUNDANCE RESOURCES LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

MOVEMENTS IN ISSUED CAPITAL	Consolidated Entity		Parent Entity	
	2009 \$	2008 \$	2009 \$	2008 \$
At the beginning of the financial year	187,059,817	126,104,817	187,059,817	126,104,817
17,111,317 shares issued 5 December 2008	1,605,453	-	1,605,453	-
5,000,000 shares issued 23 January 2009	485,000	-	485,000	-
134,516,250 shares issued 5 May 2009	10,761,300	-	10,761,300	-
62,500,000 shares issued 7 May 2009	5,000,000	-	5,000,000	-
2,000,000 shares issued 28 May 2009	40,000	-	40,000	-
13,000,000 shares issued 30 July 2007	-	390,000	-	390,000
4,000,000 shares issued 30 July 2007	-	80,000	-	80,000
118,500,000 shares issued 30 July 2007	-	47,400,000	-	47,400,000
6,500,000 shares issued 3 August 2007	-	2,600,000	-	2,600,000
4,000,000 shares issued 17 August 2007	-	120,000	-	120,000
25,000,000 shares issued 10 September 2007	-	10,000,000	-	10,000,000
13,333,333 shares issued 24 September 2007	-	400,000	-	400,000
12,000,000 shares issued 15 October 2007	-	360,000	-	360,000
2,000,000 shares issued 28 May 2008	-	40,000	-	40,000
7,500,000 shares issued 24 June 2008	-	225,000	-	225,000
Capital raising costs	(456,632)	(660,000)	(456,632)	(660,000)
At the end of the financial year	204,494,938	187,059,817	204,494,938	187,059,817

At 30 June 2009 there were 75,535,000 unissued ordinary shares for which options were outstanding. These comprise 22,000,000 options which entitle the holder to subscribe for one ordinary share in the Parent Entity for 10 cents per share and expire on 4 January 2012, 2,000,000 options which entitle the holder to subscribe for one ordinary share in the Parent Entity for 15 cents per share and expire on 5 January 2012, 40,000,000 options which entitle the holder to subscribe for one ordinary share in the Parent Entity for 20 cents per share and expire on 3 January 2012, 2,000,000 options which entitle the holder to subscribe for one ordinary share in the Parent Entity for 40 cents per share and expire on 8 October 2012, 1,000,000 options which entitle the holder to subscribe for one ordinary share in the Parent Entity for 50 cents per share and expire on 8 November 2012, 500,000 options which entitle the holder to subscribe for one ordinary share in the Parent Entity for 50 cents per share and expire on 18 February 2013, 500,000 options which entitle the holder to subscribe for one ordinary share in the Parent Entity for 70 cents per share and expire on 18 February 2013, 1,000,000 options which entitle the holder to subscribe for one ordinary share in the Parent Entity for 45 cents per share and expire on 10 March 2013 and 6,535,000 options which entitle the holder to subscribe for one ordinary share in the Parent Entity for 35 cents per share and expire on 31 March 2013.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF CONTRIBUTED EQUITY

Ordinary shares have the right to receive dividends as declared and, in the event of winding up the Company, to participate in the proceeds from sale of all surplus assets in proportion to the number of, and amounts paid up, of shares held. Ordinary shares entitle their holder to one vote, either in person or by proxy, at any meeting of the Company.



SUNDANCE RESOURCES LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

Note 21. RESERVES

	Consolidated Entity		Parent Entity	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Option premium reserve	10,072,207	9,771,375	10,072,207	9,771,375
Foreign currency translation reserve (i)	1,853,910	19,009	—	—
	<u>11,926,117</u>	<u>9,790,384</u>	<u>10,072,207</u>	<u>9,771,375</u>

(i) Exchange differences relating to the translation from the functional currencies of the Group's foreign controlled entities into Australian dollars are brought to account by entries made directly to the foreign currency translation reserve.

MOVEMENTS IN OPTION PREMIUM RESERVE

At the beginning of the financial year	9,771,375	9,003,675	9,771,375	9,003,675
Options Expensed (Issued in 2007/08) (*)	177,433	—	177,433	—
Options Expensed (Issued in 2008/09) (*)	123,399	—	123,399	—
1,000,000 options issued 30 August 2007	—	174,108	—	174,108
1,000,000 options issued 30 August 2007	—	95,455	—	95,455
1,000,000 options issued 15 September 2007	—	236,108	—	236,108
1,000,000 options issued 15 September 2007	—	111,289	—	111,289
1,000,000 options issued 14 January 2008	—	82,088	—	82,088
1,000,000 options issued 14 January 2008	—	50,742	—	50,742
1,000,000 options issued 10 March 2008	—	17,910	—	17,910
At the end of the financial year	<u>10,072,207</u>	<u>9,771,375</u>	<u>10,072,207</u>	<u>9,771,375</u>

(*) includes net of options expensed and options forfeited during the year.

The option premium reserve is used to accumulate the fair value of options issued. Details of the valuation of options issued during the financial year are disclosed in the table contained in Note 26 Share Based Payments.



SUNDANCE RESOURCES LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

Note 22. CAPITAL AND LEASING COMMITMENTS

	Consolidated Entity		Parent Entity	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Operating Lease Commitments				
Non-cancellable operating leases contracted for but not capitalised in the financial statements.				
Payable – minimum lease payments				
-not later than 12 months	390,346	593,715	296,351	457,200
-between 12 months and 5 years	153,304	—	148,176	—
-greater than 5 years	—	—	—	—
	543,650	593,715	444,527	457,200
	543,650	593,715	444,527	457,200

The Company's premises are sub leased. The term of the sub lease is 20 June 2009 to 19 December 2010.

The office premises lease of Cam Iron S.A. extends for a period of 12 months to 31 July 2010.

Cam Iron S.A. provides residential premises for two employees. Each of these leases expires in September 2009.

Note 23. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The group is aware of the following contingent liabilities as at 30 June 2009.

Absolute Analogue & David Porter v Sundance

The Company has an ongoing dispute with Absolute Analogue & David Porter. The claim is for unpaid invoices totalling \$129,977. As at 30 June 2009 the full value of invoices received from Absolute Analogue have been recorded in trade creditors of the Company. An offer of settlement has been made in respect of the unpaid invoices for a total of \$81,545, plus interest.

An additional claim has been made by Absolute Analogue & David Porter against the Company for the issue of 30 million options (20 million options with an exercise price of \$0.10 and 10 million options with an exercise price of \$0.20), exercisable at any time before 29 May 2009. In the opinion of the Board, no liability should be accounted for in respect of this claim.

The Company has filed its formal defence in this matter.

David Bay v Sundance

As at 30 June, 2008, a contingent liability was disclosed by the Company in relation to a claim by Mr David Bay regarding alleged lost remuneration on termination of employment of \$22,295 and award of 2 million options, exercisable at \$0.10. In June 2009, the legal proceedings were settled in whole and complete satisfaction.



SUNDANCE RESOURCES LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

Note 24. SEGMENT REPORTING

Primary Reporting Business Segments

During the year ended 30 June 2009 and also during the year ended 30 June 2008, the Consolidated Entity operated in the mining and exploration industry in Africa. Mining and exploration operations in South America ceased during the year ended 30 June 2008.

The Group's revenue from external customers and information about its segment assets by geographical location is detailed below:

	Revenue from external customers		Segment assets	
	2009 \$	2008 \$	2009 \$	2008 \$
Australasia	1,183	125,102	19,706,001	47,478,573
Africa	—	—	105,001,694	76,065,573
South America	—	557,294	—	—
Total	1,183	682,396	124,707,695	123,544,146



SUNDANCE RESOURCES LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

Note 25. CASH FLOW INFORMATION

	Consolidated Entity		Parent Entity	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Reconciliation of cash flow from operations with loss after income tax				
Profit/(loss) after tax	(14,313,262)	(8,818,320)	(3,888,005)	(279,853)
Non-operating cash flows				
Sale of mining tenements	—	(557,294)	—	(557,294)
Non-cash flows in loss				
Cost of share based payment	300,832	767,700	300,832	767,700
Loss on sale of plant and equipment	125,313	97,631	176,062	88,849
Depreciation of plant and equipment	2,761,117	472,032	174,424	112,396
Intra-group management fees	—	—	(4,822,521)	(5,126,622)
Changes in assets and liabilities				
Decrease/(increase) in reserves	(57,778)	(789,511)	—	(767,700)
Increase/(decrease) in trade creditors	(569,511)	1,001,986	(579,476)	1,035,454
Decrease/(increase) in inventories	(667,061)	(547,545)	—	—
Decrease/(increase) in other debtors and prepayments	1,125,207	(850,797)	646,027	(543,620)
Net cash used in operating activities	(11,295,143)	(9,224,118)	(7,992,657)	(5,270,690)
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents				
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year is shown in the accounts as:				
Cash and cash equivalents	20,384,940	47,031,353	19,315,541	46,167,279
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	20,384,940	47,031,353	19,315,541	46,167,279

Non-cash investing activities

During the current financial year, the Parent acquired a further 15% direct ownership in Congo Iron S.A. The consideration paid was in the form of 5,000,000 shares in the Parent Entity. The share price at the date of issue was 9.7c, resulting in a total cost of investment of \$485,000 (as disclosed at Note 16).



SUNDANCE RESOURCES LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

Note 26. SHARE BASED PAYMENTS

The following share-based payment arrangements were in existence during the current and comparative reporting periods:

Option series	Number	Grant Date	Expiry Date	Exercise price \$	Fair value at grant date \$
(1) Issued 1 December 2005	2,000,000	01/12/05	31/05/10	0.02	0.0180
(2) Issued 3 July 2006	40,000,000	03/07/06	30/06/08	0.03	0.0180
(3) Issued 8 January 2007	50,000,000	08/01/07	03/01/12	0.20	0.0259
(4) Issued 8 January 2007	30,000,000	08/01/07	04/01/12	0.10	0.0418
(5) Issued 30 January 2007	2,000,000	30/01/07	04/01/12	0.10	0.0397
(6) Issued 12 April 2007	2,000,000	12/04/07	05/01/12	0.15	0.0777
(7) Issued 30 August 2007	1,000,000	30/08/07	08/10/12	0.40	0.2312
(8) Issued 30 August 2007	1,000,000	30/08/07	08/11/12	0.40	0.2410
(9) Issued 15 September 2007	1,000,000	15/09/07	08/11/12	0.50	0.3431
(10) Issued 15 September 2007	1,000,000	15/09/07	08/11/12	0.70	0.3023
(11) Issued 14 January 2008	1,000,000	14/01/08	18/02/13	0.50	0.1180
(12) Issued 14 January 2008	1,000,000	14/01/08	18/02/13	0.70	0.1077
(13) Issued 10 March 2008	1,000,000	10/03/08	10/03/13	0.45	0.0584
(14) Issued 9 April 2009	2,178,334	10/10/08	31/03/13	0.35	0.0290
(15) Issued 9 April 2009	2,178,333	10/10/08	31/03/13	0.35	0.0350
(16) Issued 9 April 2009	2,178,333	10/10/08	31/03/13	0.35	0.0370

The weighted average fair value of the share options granted during the financial year is \$0.0337 (2008: \$0.54). Options were priced using a binomial option pricing model. Expected volatility is based on the historical share price volatility of other entities listed on the Australian Stock Exchange with similar profiles to Sundance Resources Limited.

Option series	Grant date share price \$	Exercise price \$	Expected volatility	Risk free interest rate	Vesting Date
(7) Issued 30 August 2007	0.440	0.40	67.30%	6.08%	08/10/08
(8) Issued 30 August 2007	0.440	0.40	65.20%	6.05%	08/10/09
(9) Issued 15 September 2007	0.615	0.50	67.15%	6.12%	08/11/08
(10) Issued 15 September 2007	0.615	0.70	65.20%	6.10%	08/11/09
(11) Issued 14 January 2008	0.295	0.50	62.05%	6.38%	18/02/09
(12) Issued 14 January 2008	0.295	0.70	63.82%	6.30%	18/02/10
(13) Issued 10 March 2008	0.235	0.45	108.05%	6.31%	10/03/09
(14) Issued 9 April 2009	0.095	0.35	104.82%	4.16%	31/03/09
(15) Issued 9 April 2009	0.095	0.35	104.13%	4.33%	31/03/10
(16) Issued 9 April 2009	0.095	0.35	99.73%	4.40%	31/03/11



SUNDANCE RESOURCES LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

The following reconciles the outstanding share options at the beginning and end of the financial year

	2009		2008	
	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	93,000,000	\$0.18	141,833,334	\$0.08
Granted	6,535,000	\$0.35	8,500,000	\$0.54
Forfeited	(22,000,000)	\$0.20	(1,500,000)	\$0.60
Exercised	(2,000,000)	\$0.02	(55,833,333)	\$0.03
Expired	-	-	(1)	\$0.03
Outstanding at year-end	75,535,000	\$0.20	93,000,000	\$0.18
Exercisable at year-end	68,678,334	\$0.18	34,000,000	\$0.10

Exercised during the financial year

There were 2,000,000 options exercised during the year ended 30 June 2009. These options had a weighted average share price of \$0.130 at exercise date.

Option series	Number exercised	Exercise date	Share price at exercise date \$
2009			
(1) Issued 1 December 2005	2,000,000	28/05/09	0.13
2008			
(2) Issued 3 July 2006	13,000,000	30/07/07	0.495
(1) Issued 1 December 2005	4,000,000	30/07/07	0.495
(2) Issued 3 July 2006	4,000,000	17/08/07	0.395
(2) Issued 3 July 2006	13,333,333	24/09/07	0.805
(2) Issued 3 July 2006	12,000,000	15/10/07	0.770
(1) Issued 1 December 2005	2,000,000	28/05/08	0.370
(2) Issued 3 July 2006	7,500,000	24/06/08	0.360

Balance at end of financial year

The options outstanding at 30 June 2009 had a weighted average exercise price of \$0.20 (2008: \$0.18) and a weighted average remaining contractual life of 2.68 years (2008: 3.59 years). Exercise prices range from \$0.10 to \$0.70 in respect of options outstanding at 30 June 2009.



SUNDANCE RESOURCES LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

Note 27. EVENTS AFTER BALANCE SHEET

There have been no other conversions to, calls of or subscriptions for ordinary shares or issues of potential ordinary shares.

No other matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Company, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Company in future financial years.

Note 28. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company is a single entity and is not controlled by any other entity.

Azure Capital Pty Ltd received benefits from the Company for services performed by Mr Alec Pismiris, a director of the Company. Full details of the remuneration received are disclosed in note 6 Key Management Personnel Compensation.

Linden Group Pty Ltd received benefits from the Company for services performed by Mr John Saunders, a director of the Company. Full details of the remuneration received are disclosed in note 6 Key Management Personnel Compensation.

JBP Nominees Pty Ltd received benefits from the Company for services performed by Mr George Jones, a director of the Company. Full details of the remuneration received are disclosed in note 6 Key Management Personnel Compensation.

Piedmont Nominees Pty Ltd received benefits from the Company for services performed by Mr Donald Lewis, a director of the Company. Full details of the remuneration received are disclosed in note 6 Key Management Personnel Compensation.

Triglow Nominees Pty Ltd received benefits from the Company for services performed by Mr Geoff Wedlock, a director of the Company. Full details of the remuneration received are disclosed in note 6 Key Management Personnel Compensation.

Longley Mining Consultants Pty Ltd received benefits from the Company for services performed by Mr Robin Longley, an executive of the Company. Full details of the remuneration received are disclosed in note 6 Key Management Personnel Compensation.

Keypalm Pty Ltd received \$120,000 for consulting services provided by Mr Geoff Wedlock, a director of the Company (2008: nil).

At 30 June 2009, directors and their related entities held directly, indirectly or beneficially 452,056,616 ordinary shares in the Company and 60,000,000 options over ordinary shares in the Company.

At 30 June 2008, directors and their related entities held directly, indirectly or beneficially 398,666,263 ordinary shares in the Company and 80,000,000 options over ordinary shares in the Company.

Note 29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise cash and short-term deposits. The Group has various other financial assets and liabilities such as trade receivables and trade payables, which arise directly from its operations. The Group's policy is that no trading in financial instruments shall be undertaken. The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are cash flow interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and liquidity risk. The Board reviews each of these risks on an on-going basis.



SUNDANCE RESOURCES LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

Credit risk

The Group and the Company's maximum exposures to credit risk, without taking account of the value of any collateral obtained at balance date, in relation to each class of recognised financial asset is the carrying amount of those assets as indicated in the balance sheet. Credit risk on unrecognised financial instruments refers to the potential financial loss to the Group or the Company that may result from counter parties failing to meet their contractual obligations. The Group and the Company manage their counterparty credit risk by limiting their transactions to counterparties of sound credit worthiness and by ensuring a diversified number of counterparties, avoiding undue exposure to any single counterparty. Neither the Group nor the Company faced any significant credit exposures at balance date (other than intercompany balances).

Foreign currency risk

As a result of significant investment operations in Africa, the Group's balance sheet can be affected significantly by movements in the XAF/A\$ exchange rates. The Group also has exposure to movements in US\$/A\$ exchange rates under two drilling contracts it has in place. Both contracts have termination clauses which allow early release from contractual commitments thereby mitigating the overall exposure under these contracts. The Group does not hedge this exposure however the Board regularly reviews this exposure and assesses the risk.

The carrying amount of the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the reporting date is as follows:

	Liabilities		Assets	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
	\$	\$	\$	\$
US Dollars (USD)	306,936	1,794,931	273,560	-
Central African Franc (XAF)	1,212,796	1,374,323	3,441,452	4,605,086



SUNDANCE RESOURCES LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 10% increase and decrease in the Australian Dollar against the relevant foreign currencies. 10% is the sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the possible change in foreign exchange rates.

AUD Movement	USD Impact				XAF Impact			
	Consolidated		Company		Consolidated		Company	
	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
10% Increase	(3,338)	(179,493)	(3,338)	(179,493)	222,866	323,076	-	-
10% Decrease	3,338	179,493	3,338	179,493	(222,866)	(323,076)	-	-

Capital risk

The Group and Company manage their capital to ensure the Group and the Company will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the development outcomes from its exploration expenditure. The Group's and the Company's overall strategy remains unchanged from 2008.

The capital structure of the Group and the Company consists of equity attributable to equity holders of the Company, comprising issued capital, reserves and carried forward losses. The Group and the Company are debt free.

The Group has exploration expenditure commitments under the exploration permits it has in place and the Board regularly reviews commitments as part of the overall exploration program.

Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk is the risk that a financial instrument's value will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates.

The Group and the Company are exposed to interest rate risk as entities in the Group deposit funds at both short-term fixed and floating rates of interest. Neither the Group nor the Company have any interest bearing liabilities.

The Group and the Company's exposure to interest rates on financial assets and financial liabilities are detailed in the liquidity risk management section of this note.

Interest rate sensitivity

A change in interest rates would not have a material impact on the carrying value of the Group or the Company's financial instruments as at the current or prior year end.

Liquidity risk

The Consolidated Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves by monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the board of directors, who oversee a liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Group and the Company's funding and liquidity management requirements. The Group and the Company manage liquidity risk by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and ensuring there are appropriate plans in place to finance these future cash flows.



SUNDANCE RESOURCES LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

Liquidity and interest rate risk tables

The tables below have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows (including both interest and principal cash flows expected) using contractual maturities of financial assets and the earliest date on which the Group and the Company can be required to pay financial liabilities. Amounts for financial assets include interest earned on those assets except where it is anticipated the cash flow will occur in a different period.

	Weighted average effective interest rate	Less than 1 month	1 to 3 months
	%	\$	\$
2009			
Financial assets			
Variable interest rate instruments - Parent	3.02%	1,896,120	-
Variable interest rate instruments - Subsidiary	-	1,069,399	-
Fixed interest rate instruments - Parent	3.53%	4,486,359	12,933,062
		7,451,878	12,933,062
Financial liabilities			
Trade Payables	-	2,172,918	-

2008

Financial assets			
Variable interest rate instruments - Parent	6.48%	3,508,014	-
Variable interest rate instruments - Subsidiary	-	864,074	-
Fixed interest rate instruments - Parent	8.00%	17,824,692	24,879,573
		22,196,780	24,879,573
Financial liabilities			
Trade Payables	-	6,721,498	-

Fair values

The aggregate fair values of the Consolidated Entity's financial assets and financial liabilities both recognised and unrecognised are as follows:

	2009		2008	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Consolidated				
Cash and cash equivalents	20,384,940	20,384,940	47,031,353	47,031,353
Receivables	2,798,642	2,798,642	3,923,850	3,923,850
Payables	2,172,917	2,172,917	6,721,498	6,721,498
Parent				
Cash and cash equivalents	19,315,541	19,315,541	46,167,279	46,167,279
Receivables	102,452,647	102,452,647	83,005,107	83,005,107
Payables	960,121	960,121	5,133,103	5,133,103

The following methods and assumptions are used to determine the fair value of financial assets and liabilities:



SUNDANCE RESOURCES LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

Cash assets and financial assets are carried at amounts approximating fair value because of their short term nature to maturity. Receivables and payables are carried at amounts approximating fair value.

The fair values of listed investments have been valued at the quoted market bid price at balance date. For unlisted investments where there is no organised financial market the fair value has been based on a reasonable estimation of the underlying net assets or discounted cash flows of the investment.

The fair values of other loans and amounts due are determined by discounting the cash flows, at market interest rates of similar borrowings, to their present value. For other assets and other liabilities the fair value approximates their carrying value.

No financial assets and financial liabilities are readily traded on organised markets in standardised form other than listed investments. Financial assets where the carrying amount exceeds net fair values have not been written down as the Consolidated Entity intends to hold these assets.

Note 30. EXPENDITURE COMMITMENTS (*)

The Cameroon Ministry of Mines required total minimum exploration expenditure under Exploration Permit No.92 of XAF 12,000,000,000 (approximately A\$30 million) over the 3 year term, which commenced on 29 September 2005. This was exceeded when the 3 year term expired on 29 September 2008. The Cameroon Ministry of Mines granted a 2 year permit extension from 28 September 2008, requiring a total minimum exploration expenditure of XAF 4,000,000,000 (approximately \$10 million). This expenditure requirement has already been met. The expenditure requirements of Exploration Permit No.92 are denoted in Central African CFA franc (XAF).

The Cameroon Ministry of Mines requires total minimum exploration expenditure under Exploration Permit No.143 of XAF 400,000,000 (approximately A\$1 million) over the 3 year term, which commenced on 10 April 2008. The expenditure requirements of Exploration Permit No.143 are denoted in Central African CFA franc (XAF).

The Congo Ministry of Mines requires commitment to a program of work under Decree No 2008-362 over the 3 year term of Mineral Research Permits 362 and 363, which commenced on 2 August 2007.

* The Company is not legally bound to meet the minimum expenditure commitments detailed in Exploration Permits. Failure to meet the required level of minimum expenditure can either be exonerated by the relevant ministry of mines or could potentially result in revocation of the said permit.

Independent Auditor's Report to the members of Sundance Resources Limited

Report on the Financial Report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Sundance Resources Limited, which comprises the balance sheet as at 30 June 2009, and the income statement, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity for the year ended on that date, a summary of significant accounting policies, other explanatory notes and the directors' declaration of the consolidated entity comprising the company and the entities it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the financial year as set out on pages 19 to 62.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the *Corporations Act 2001*. This responsibility includes establishing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances. In Note 2, the directors also state, in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements*, that compliance with the Australian equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards ensures that the financial report, comprising the financial statements and notes, complies with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.

An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Auditor's Independence Declaration

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Auditor's Opinion

In our opinion:

- (a) the financial report of Sundance Resources Limited is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the company's and consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2009 and of their performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*; and
- (b) the financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 2.

Report on the Remuneration Report

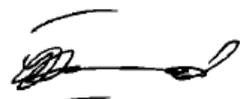
We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 4 to 9 of the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2009. The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Auditor's Opinion

In our opinion the Remuneration Report of Sundance Resources Limited for the year ended 30 June 2009, complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.



DELOITTE TOUCHE TOHMATSU



Ross Jerrard

Partner

Chartered Accountants

Perth, 14 September 2009



SUNDANCE RESOURCES LIMITED
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AS AT 31 AUGUST 2009

Number of Holders of Equity Securities

Ordinary share capital

2,112,042,808 fully paid ordinary shares are held by 18,884 individual shareholders. No ordinary shares have been partly paid. All issued ordinary shares carry one vote per share.

Options

43,935,000 options are held by 12 individual option holders

Distribution of Holders of Equity Securities

	Fully Paid Ordinary Shares	Options
1 – 1,000	680	-
1,001 – 5,000	4,002	-
5,001 – 10,000	3,293	-
10,001 – 100,000	8,667	-
100,001 and over	2,242	12
	18,884	12
Holding less than a marketable parcel	2,786	-

TWENTY LARGEST HOLDERS OF ORDINARY SHARES

	Number of Shares	Percentage of Total
Talbot Group Investments Pty Ltd	433,791,352	20.54%
HSBC Custody Nominees (Australia) Limited-GSCO ECA	88,916,065	4.21%
ANZ Nominees Limited	74,676,277	3.54%
J P Morgan Nominees Australia Limited	66,061,263	3.13%
Osson Pty Ltd	50,000,000	2.37%
Citicorp Nominees Pty Limited	47,537,638	2.25%
HSBC Custody Nominees (Australia) Limited	47,358,610	2.24%
National Nominees Limited	39,640,207	1.88%
Bayonet Investments Pty Ltd	15,970,525	0.76%
Connemara Investments Pty Ltd	15,062,500	0.71%
Bond Street Custodians Limited	12,560,000	0.59%
Perpetual Corporate Trust Limited	10,900,000	0.52%
Queensland Investment Corporation	10,832,397	0.51%
JBP Nominees Pty Limited	10,000,000	0.47%
Australian Reward Investment Alliance	9,417,841	0.45%
Comsec Nominees Pty Limited	9,186,579	0.43%
ACP Investments Pty Ltd	9,000,000	0.43%
AMP Life Limited	7,552,456	0.36%
Dr Salim Cassim	7,000,000	0.33%
Mr Roger Bogne	5,000,000	0.24%
	970,463,710	45.96%



SUNDANCE RESOURCES LIMITED
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AS AT 31 AUGUST 2009

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

Ordinary Shareholders	Fully Paid Ordinary Shares Number
Talbot Group Investments Pty Ltd	433,791,352
	<hr/> 433,791,352 <hr/>